

# **Thomson BSA Lead and Ball Screws**

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Often the ideal design solution is not about finding the fastest, sturdiest, most accurate or even the least expensive option. Rather, the ideal solution is the optimal balance of performance, life and cost.

Thomson is best positioned to help you most quickly configure the optimal linear motion solution for your application.

- Thomson invented anti-friction linear bearing technology. We own the broadest standard product offering of mechanical motion technologies in the industry.
- Modified versions of standard product are routine. White sheet design solutions available across our entire portfolio.
- Choose Thomson and gain access to over 70 years of global application experience in diverse industries including
  packaging, factory automation, material handling, medical, clean energy, printing, automotive, machine tool, aerospace
  and defense.
- At Thomson, we are financially strong and unique in our ability to bring together control, drive, motor, power transmission and precision linear motion technologies.

Talk to us early in the design process to see how Thomson can help identify the optimal balance of performance, life and cost for your next application. And, call us or any of our 2000+ distribution partners around the world for fast delivery of replacement parts.

The Fortive Business System (FBS) was established to increase the value we bring to customers. It is a mature and successful set of tools we use daily to continually improve manufacturing operations and product development processes. FBS is based on the principles of Kaizen which continuously and aggressively eliminate waste in every aspect of our business. FBS focuses the entire organization on achieving breakthrough results that create competitive advantages in quality, delivery and performance – advantages that are passed on to you. Through these advantages Thomson is able to provide you faster times to market as well as unsurpassed product selection, service, reliability and productivity.



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<sup>\*</sup>Dimensions listed in catalog are for reference only and are subject to change without notice.



## **Applications Data Information Sheet**

Nar	ne:											
Title	e/Dept											
Con	npany Name:											
Add	ress:											
Pho	ne:	Fax: _										
Rep	? 🗆											
1.	What is your LOAD?	□ Other	lograms Newtons (please describe)									
2.	Is your MOTION  Horizontal or	☐ Vertical										
3.	Other(please describe)											
4. What is the SPEED?  □ Inch □ Foot □ mm per □ second □ minute □ Other  (please describe)												
5.	ACCURACY requirements:	<ul><li>□ 0.005"/foot</li><li>□ 0.003"/foot</li></ul>	☐ Other									
6.	BACKLASH requirements:	□ 0" □ 0.002"	(please describe)  .010"  Other(please describe)									
7.	BEARING SUPPORT requirements:	☐ Fixed/Simple ☐ Fixed/Fixed	☐ Fixed Free ☐ Other(please describe)									
8.	MOTOR CUBE requirements	<ul><li>□ NEMA 17</li><li>□ NEMA 23</li><li>□ NEMA 34</li></ul>	<ul><li>□ NEMA 42</li><li>□ Other</li></ul>									
9.	Quantity required per	☐ Month ☐ Ye	ear 🗆 Other									
Add	litional information/comments:											



# **Applications**

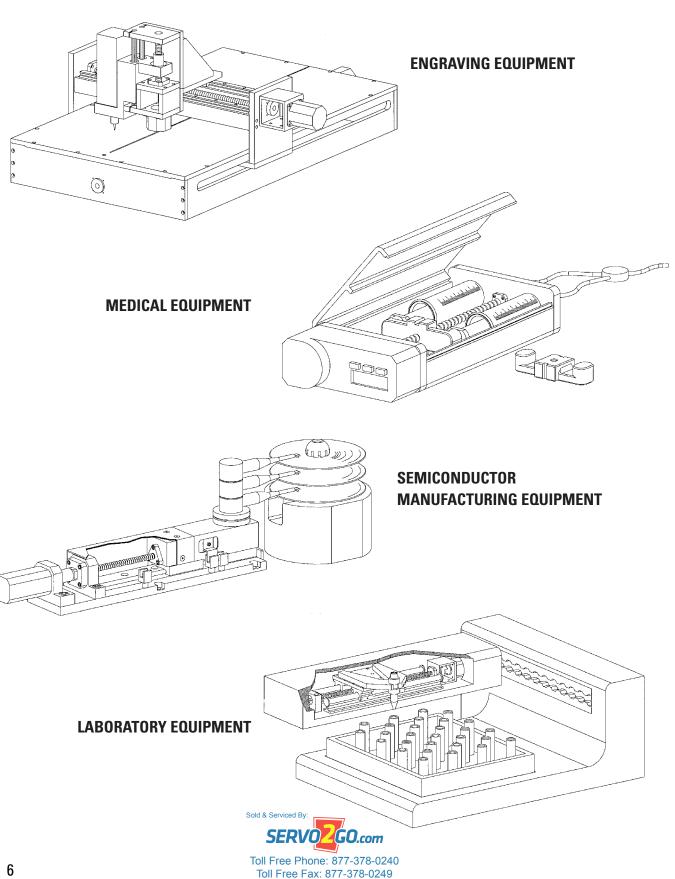
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## **Lead Screw Applications**



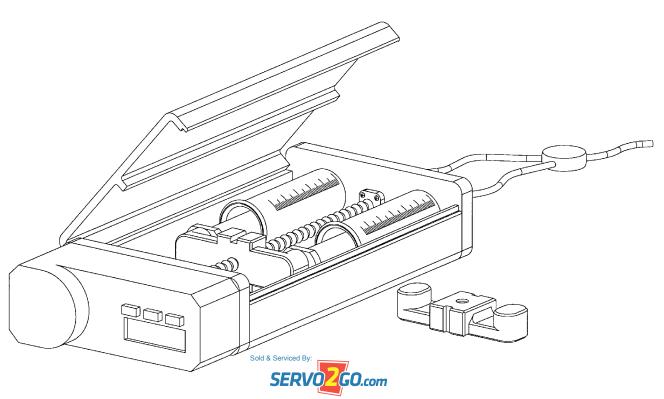
sales@servo2go.com www.servo2go.com

### **Custom Plastic Nuts**

If cost or design constraints dictate a more integrated package, let our engineering staff help you simplify your design. We offer a full range of manufacturing capabilities from injection molding to CNC machining with the largest selection of engineering plastics to suit your application and specifications.

- Our engineering staff will ensure your part is right the first time.
- Full range of engineering plastics including internally lubricated and high temperature thermoplastics.



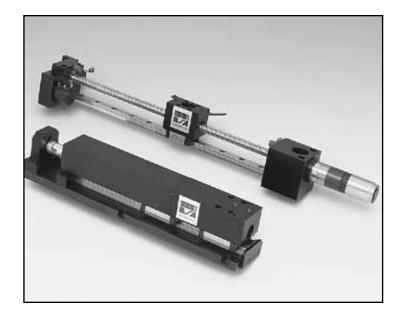


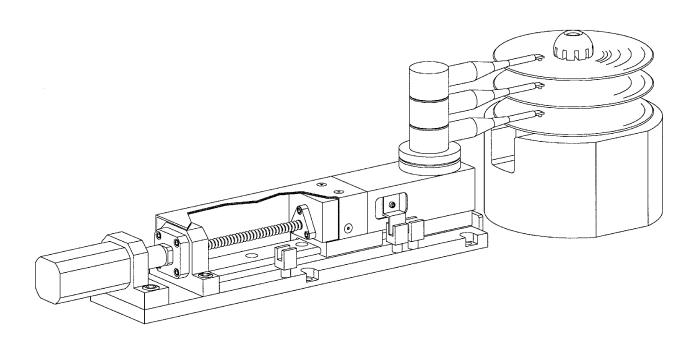


### **Custom Actuators**

If your design criteria does not match our large selection of stock assemblies, let Thomson BSA's Design Engineering Staff discuss your require-ments. From simple custom adapters for our stock products to complete high precision tables, our engineering, manufacturing and quality depart-ments offer a comprehensive solution to your custom linear motion needs.

- · Design engineering staff
- World class machine shop
- Quality control for verifiable quality assurance



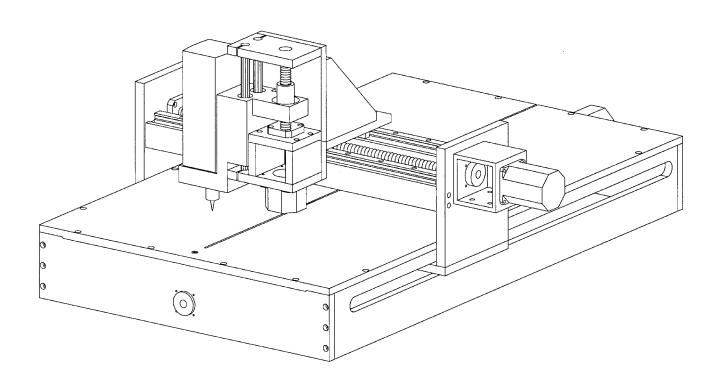




#### **Precision Screw Products**

Thomson BSA's provides engineering support and quality assurance for all of it's components and assemblies allowing our customers to focus on the larger design picture. Our full range of designs and sizes for our linear motion components allow greater design flexibility, while our support staff ensures proper initial application and comprehensive support once installed.







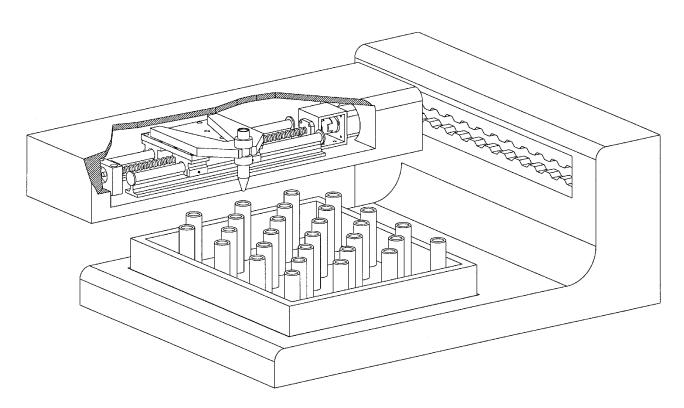


#### **Components and Assemblies**

From components to complete assemblies, Thomson BSA's always provides the highest performance products for your applications. Let us assist in your design to ensure proper operation of our components, or let us provide you a complete solution.

- Complete solutions to your linear motion designs with our industry tested assemblies.
- Full complement of linear motion components: Rails (square and round), Motor
  Mounts, Bearing Mounts, Ball Nuts, Acme
  Plastic Nuts, Bronze Nuts, Anti-Backlash
  Nuts, Miniature Ball Nuts, Bearings, and
  more.







# **Lead Screws**



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## Offering smooth, precise, cost effective positioning, lead screws are the ideal solution for your application.

Thomson BSA precision lead screws are an excellent economical solution for your linear motion requirements. For more than 25 years, Thomson BSA has designed and manufactured the highest quality lead screw assemblies in the industry. Our precision rolling process ensures accurate positioning to .003 in/ft and our PTFE coating process produces assemblies that have less drag torque and last longer.

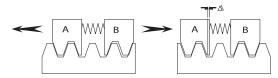
Thomson BSA provides a large array of standard plastic nut assemblies in anti-backlash or standard Supernut® designs. All of our standard plastic nut assemblies use an internally lubricated Acetal providing excellent lubricity and wear resistance with or without additional lubrication. With the introduction of our new unique patented zero backlash designs, Thomson BSA provides assemblies with high axial stiffness, zero backlash and the absolute minimum drag torque to reduce motor requirements. These designs produce products that cost less, perform better and last longer. Both designs automatically adjust for wear ensuring zero backlash for the life of the nut.

Thomson BSA also provides engineering design services to aid in your design requirements producing a lead screw assembly to your specifications. Call Thomson BSA today to discuss your application with one of our experienced application engineers.

## Thomson BSA Products **Deliver Performance**

To ensure precise positioning, the elimination of backlash is of primary concern. Several types of anti-backlash mechanisms are common in the market which utilise compliant preloads.

Because they are low in stiffness, a high preload is required to maintain position.



This results in high drag torque, shorter life and poor performance. System costs increase as a larger motor is required.

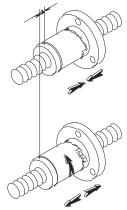
#### The Solutions is THOMSON BSA

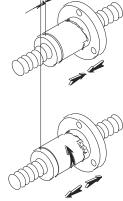
With the introduction of the Patented XC series nut with ActiveCAM, the highest axial stiffness with the absolute minimum drag torque is achieved. Utilising an extremely rigid stainless steel cam for biasing, axial stiffness is unsurpassed.

Axial play is removed without the need for high preload, resulting in the lowest drag torque possible.

#### **Self-Compensating**

As wear occurs over time, the unique ActiveCAM mechanism automatically compensates without compromising stiffness, positional accuracy or affecting drag torque at any time.





US Patent #5839321 and one or more foreign counterparts.



## **Lead Screws Engineering Overview**

Precision Lead Screws & Supernuts®

#### Features/Advantages

#### **Low Cost**

Considerable savings when compared to ball screw assemblies.

#### Variety

Largest range of leads and diameters  $3/16^{\prime\prime}$  to  $3^{\prime\prime}$  to match your requirements.

#### Lubrication

Internally lubricated plastic nuts will operate without lubrication. However, additional lubrication or PTFE coating of the screw is recommended to optimize efficiency and life. See page 76.

#### Vibration and Noise

No ball recirculating vibration and often less audible noise compared to ball screws.

#### **Design Considerations**

#### Load

Supernuts provide a cost effective solution for moderate to light loads. For vertical applications, anti backlash supernuts should be mounted with thread/flange on the bottom.

#### **Cantilevered Loads**

Cantilevered loads that might cause a moment on the nut will cause premature failure.

#### Column Loading

Refer to column loading chart on page 86.

#### **Critical Speed**

Refer to critical speed chart on page 84.

#### **Self-Locking**

Lead screws can be self locking at low leads. Generally, the lead of the screw should be more than 1/3 of the diameter to satisfactorily backdrive.

#### Custom

Option of custom designs to fit into your design envelope.

#### Non-Corrosive\*

Stainless Steel and internally lubricated acetal.

#### **Environment**

Less susceptible to particulate contamination compared to ball screws.

#### Lightweight

Less mass to move.

#### **Temperature**

Ambient and friction generated heat are the primary causes of premature plastic nut failure. Observe the temperature limits below and discuss your design with our application engineers for continuous duty, high load and high speed applications. Thomson BSA recommends bronze nuts for very high temperature environments or can aid in your selection of high temperature plastic for a custom assembly.

#### Efficiency

Except at very high leads, efficiency increases as lead increases. Although the internally lubricated acetal provides excellent lubricity, Ball Screw Assemblies remain significantly more efficient than any Acme design.

#### **Length Limitations**

3/16" to 1/4"	3′
5/16" to 10mm	4′
7/16" to 5/8"	6′
>5/8"	12'

#### **Lead Accuracy**

Standard Grade (SRA)	.010 in/ft
Precision Grade (SPR)	.003 in/ft

Asse	mbly	Screws	Nuts**							
Maximum Temperature			Material	Tensile Strength	Water Absorption (24 HRS %)	Thermal Expansion Coefficient				
180°F	0.08 - 0.14	Stainless Steel*	Acetal with PTFE	8,000 psi	0.15	5.4 x 10-5 in. /in. /°F				

<sup>\*</sup> Other materials available on a custom basis.



<sup>\*\*</sup> Plastic nuts only. See bronze nut section for information on our bronze nut products, page 33.



## **Lead Screws Product Overview**

## **Lead Screw Product Summary**

Series	Thomson BSA Pre	cision Lead Screw				
Series	Inch	Metric				
Lead accuracy	.010"/ft. for standard .003"/ft. for precision	250 micron/300mm for standard 75 micron/300mm for precision				
Diameter	.187" - 3.00"	6mm - 24mm				
Lead	.013" - 2.00"	.5mm - 50.0mm				
Backlash	.010" (max)	.25mm (max)				
Dynamic Load	Up to 400 lbs*	Up to 1.3 kN*				
Max. Static Load	Up to 2,000 lbs*	Up to 6.6 kN*				
Catalog Pages	15 - 39	15 - 39				

<sup>\*</sup> Plastic nut ratings. Does not include bronze nut specifications.

## Lead Screw Product Availability

	la ala	Lead (in.)																
	Inch	0.031	0.050	0.063	0.083	0.100	0.125	0.167	0.200	0.250	0.300	0.375	0.500	0.800	1.000	1.200	1.500	2.000
	3/16		•				•											
	1/4	•	•	•			•		•	•			•					
	5/16				•			•		•			•		•			
	3/8		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•		
	7/16						•			•			•					
	1/2			•		•			•	•			•	•	•		•	
	5/8					•	•		•	•			•					
Dia.	3/4					•	•	•	•				•		•		•	•
Dia. (in.)	1					•	•		•	•			•		•			
_	1-1/4								•	•								
	1-1/2								•	•		•	•					
	2									•								
	2-1/4									•								
	2-1/2									•								
	2-3/4									•								
	3									•								

	N 4 a turi a		Lead (mm)														
	Metric	1	2	3	4	5	6	8	10	12	15	16	20	25	35	45	50
	6	•	•	•													
	10		•	•	•	•	•		•	•			•		•		
Dia.	12			•	•	•	•		•		•			•		•	
(mm)	16				•	•		•				•		•	•		
n)	20				•			•		•		•	•			•	•
	24					•	& Serviced	-									

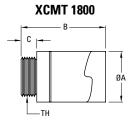
Availability charts do not include V-thread screw leads SERVOZGO.com

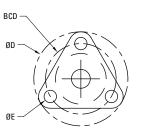
### XCM 1800

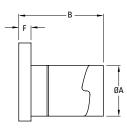


Our smallest anti-backlash nut design ever. The XCM 1800 uses the same patented† ActiveCAM™ mechanism as its larger siblings in a miniaturized package. This allows backlash free operation in space critical applications requiring high accuracy and low drag torque. This cost effective solution is available in either flanged or threaded versions. TriCoat® PTFE dry film lubricant is available as an option on most screws.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCMT or XCMF when ordering, see drawings at right.







**XCMF 1800** 

Dia.	Lead	Part No.			Supe	ernut®		Design	Efficiency %	Drag Torque			
			Α	В	С	D	Е	F	BCD	TH	Load	%	oz-in
3/16"	0.050	XCM_1820	0.50	0.90	0.200	1.00	0.143	0.18	0.750	7/16"-20	5 lbs	49	< 1
3/10	0.125	XCM_3-1824	0.50	(max)	0.200	1.00	0.143	U.18	0.750	7/10 -20	Sul C	70	<u> </u>
6mm*	1mm	XCM_6x1	0.50	0.90 (max)	0.200	1.00	0.143	0.18	0.750	7/16"-20	5 lbs	29	< 1
	0.0125	XCM_2580										13	
	0.0208	XCM_2548	0.50								5 lbs	20	
	0.0250	XCM_2540		0.00								23	< 1
1/4"*	0.0278	XCM_2536		0.90 (max)	0.200	1.00	0.143	0.18	0.750	7/16"-20		25	
	0.0313	XCM_2532		(IIIax)								28	
	0.0357	XCM_2528										30	
	0.0417	XCM_2524										34	
	0.050	XCM_2520										41	
	0.063	XCM_2516										48	
	2mm	XCM_2-25x1M										53	
1/4"	3mm	XCM_3-25x1M	0.50	0.90	0.200	1.00	0.143	0.10	0.750	7/16" 20	Elba	62	. 1
1/4	0.125	XCM_2-2516	0.50	(max)	0.200	1.00	0.143	0.18	0.750	7/16"-20	5 lbs	64	<1
	0.200	XCM_4-2520										72	
	0.250	XCM_4-2516										76	
	0.500	XCM_7-2514										81	

<sup>\*</sup> V-Thread screws, see page 39.



<sup>†</sup> Patent No. 5839321

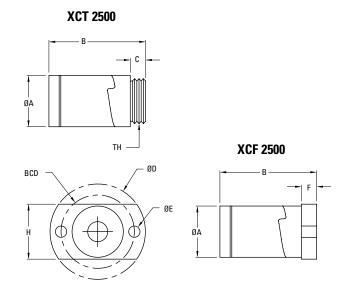


### XC 2500



The XC Model Anti-Backlash assembly is the most advanced Anti-Backlash nut design. The unique patented<sup>†</sup> ActiveCAM<sup>™</sup> accomplishes high axial stiffness, zero backlash and the absolute minimum drag torque. This advantage produces assemblies that cost less, perform better and last longer. The ActiveCAM<sup>™</sup> automatically adjusts for wear insuring zero backlash for the life of the nut.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCT or XCF when ordering, see drawings at right.



Dia.	Lead	d Part No.			5	Superni	ut® Dim	ension	S				Efficiency %	Drag Torque
			Α	В	С	D	Е	F	Н	BCD	TH	Load	70	oz-in
6mm*	1mm	XC_6x1	0.64	1.18 (max)	0.187	1.19	0.141	0.16	0.66	0.900	9/16" -18	10lbs	29	<1
	0.0125	XC_2580											13	
1/4"*	0.0208	XC_2548	0.64				0.141		0.66				20	
	0.0250	XC_2540		1 10						0.900	9/16" -18		23	<1
	0.0278	XC_2536		1.18 (max)	0.187	1.19		0.16				10lbs	25	
	0.0313	XC_2532		(IIIax)									28	
	0.0357	XC_2528											30	
	0.0417	XC_2524											34	
	0.050	XC_2520											41	<1
	0.063	XC_2516											48	
	2mm	XC_2-25x1M											53	
1/4"	3mm	XC_3-25x1M	0.64	1.18	0.187	1.19	0.141	0.16	0.66	0.900	9/16"	10lbs	62	
1/4	0.125	XC_2-2516	0.04	(max)	0.107	1.13	0.141	0.10	0.00	0.300	-18	10103	64	
	0.200	XC_4-2520											72	
	0.250	XC_4-2516											76	
	0.500	XC_7-2514											81	

<sup>\*</sup> V-Thread screws, see page 39.



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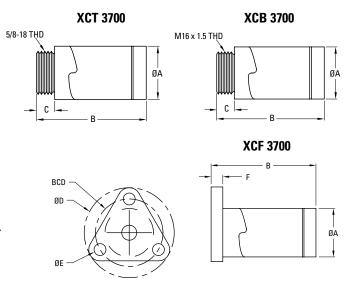
<sup>†</sup> Patent No. 5839321

### XC 3700



The XC Model Anti-Backlash assembly is the most advanced Anti-Backlash nut design. The unique patented<sup>†</sup> ActiveCAM<sup>TM</sup> accomplishes high axial stiffness, zero backlash and the absolute minimum drag torque. This advantage produces assemblies that cost less, perform better and last longer. The ActiveCAM<sup>TM</sup> automatically adjusts for wear insuring zero backlash for the life of the nut.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCT, XCB or XCF when ordering, see drawings at right.



Dia.	Lead	Part No.		5	Superni	ut® Dim	ension	S		Design Load	Efficiency %	Drag Torque
			Α	В	С	D	Е	F	BCD	Luau	/0	oz-in
	0.083	XC_3112									49	
	0.167	XC_2-3112		1 075							65	
5/16"	0.250	XC_2-3108	0.82	1.875 (max)	0.25	1.5	0.2	0.2	1.125	25 lbs	72	1 - 3
	0.500	XC_4-3108		(IIIax)							80	
	1.000	XC_8-3108									81	
	0.050	XC_3720									32	
	0.063	XC_3716									36	
	2mm	XC_37x2M									42	
	0.083	XC_3712		1.875 (max)							44	
	0.100	XC_3710									49	
3/8"	0.125	XC_3708	0.82		0.25	1.5	0.2	0.2	1.125	25 lbs	53	1 - 3
3/0	0.167	XC_2-3712			0.25	1.0	0.2	0.2	1.120	20 108	60	1-3
	0.200	XC_2-3710									65	
	0.250	XC_2-3708									68	
	0.300	XC_3-3710									73	
	0.375	XC_4-3711									75	
	0.500	XC_4-3708									79	
	2mm	XC_10x2M									41	
	3mm	XC_10x3M									53	
	4mm	XC_2-10x2M									59	
	5mm	XC_2-10x2.5M		1 075							64	
10mm	6mm	XC_4-10x1.5M	0.82	1.875 (max)	0.25	1.5	0.2	0.2	1.125	25 lbs	67	1 - 3
	10mm	XC_5-10x2M		(IIIax)							76	
	12mm	XC_5-10x2-4M									78	
	20mm	XC_6-10x3.3M									81	
	35mm	XC_10-10x3.5M									81	

<sup>†</sup> Patent No. 5839321



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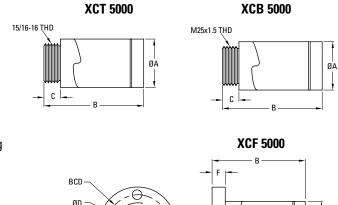


### XC 5000



The XC 5000 utilizes the same patented  $^{\dagger}$  ActiveCAMTM as found in the XC 3700 model. Along with the very low drag torque and high axial stiffness advantages, the XC 5000 has greater load capacity.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCT, XCB or XCF when ordering, see drawings at right.



Dia.	Lead	Part No.		S	Supernu	ıt® Dim	ension	S		Design Load	Efficiency %	Drag Torque
			Α	В	C	D	Е	F	BCD	Loau	/0	oz-in
	0.125	XC_2-4316		0.05							55	
7/16"	0.250	XC_2-4308	1.12	2.25 (max)	0.375	1.75	0.2	0.3	1.406	125 lbs	65	1 - 3
	0.500	XC_4-4308		(IIIax)							76	
	3mm	XC_12x3M									48	
	4mm	XC_2-12x2M									54	
	5mm	XC_2-12x2.5M									59	
12mm	6mm	XC_3-12x2M	1.12	2.25	0.375	1.75	0.2	0.3	1.406	125 lbs	63	1 - 3
12111111	10mm	XC_4-12x2.5M	1.12	(max)	0.575	1.73	0.2	0.5	1.400	123 103	73	1-3
	15mm	XC_6-12x2.5M									78	
	25mm	XC_10-12x2.5M									82	
	45mm	XC_15-12x3M									81	
	.0625	XC_5016									30	
	0.100	XC_5010									41	
	4mm	XC_2-50x2M									52	
	0.200	XC_2-5010		2.25							57	
1/2"	0.250	XC_2-5008	1.12	2.25 (max)	0.375	1.75	0.2	0.3	1.406	125 lbs	62	1 - 3
	0.500	XC_4-5008		(IIIax)							75	
	0.800	XC_8-5010									80	
	1.000	XC_8-5008									81	
	1.500	XC_12-5008									82	

<sup>†</sup> Patent No. 5839321

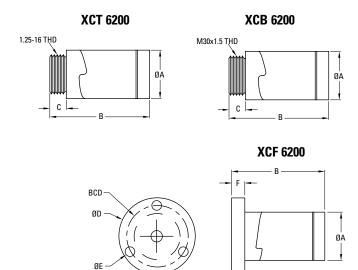


### XC 6200



The XC 6200 utilizes the same patented<sup>†</sup> ActiveCAM<sup>™</sup> as found in the XC 5000 model. Along with the very low drag torque and high axial stiffness advantages, the XC 6200 has greater load capacity.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCT, XCB or XCF when ordering, see drawings at right.



Dia.	Lead	Part No.		(	Superni	ut® Dim	ension	S		Design	Efficiency %	Drag Torque
			Α	В	С	D	E	F	BCD	Load	70	oz-in
	0.100	XC_6210									35	
	0.125	XC_6208	]	2.00							40	
5/8"	0.200	XC_2-6210	1.40	2.60 (max)	0.5	2.13	0.22	0.5	1.688	175 lbs	51	2 - 6
	0.250	XC_2-6208	]	(IIIax)							57	
	0.500	XC_4-6208									71	
	4mm	XC_16x4M									47	
	5mm	XC_2-16x2.5M									52	
16mm	8mm	XC_4-16x2M	1.40	2.60	0.5	2.13	0.22	0.5	1.688	175 lbs	63	2-6
10111111	16mm	XC_7-16x2.3M	1.40	(max)	0.5	2.13	0.22	0.5	1.000	1/5 108	75	2-0
	25mm	XC_5-16x5M									80	
	35mm	XC_7-16x5M									82	

† Patent No. 5839321



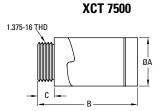


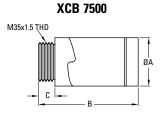
### XC 7500



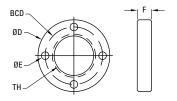
The XC 7500 utilizes the same patented  $^{\dagger}$  ActiveCAM $^{TM}$  as found in the XC 5000 model. Along with the very low drag torque and high axial stiffness advantages, the XC 7500 has greater load capacity.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCT, XCB or XCF when ordering, see drawings at right.





#### Flange F75



Dia.	Lead	Part No.	Nut	Dimens	sions	Fla	ange Di (Opti	mensional)	ons	Design	Efficiency %	Drag Torque
			Α	В	С	D	Е	F	BCD	Load	/0	oz-in
	0.100	XC_7510									31	
	0.125	XC_7508									36	
	0.167	XC_7506									44	
3/4"	0.200	XC_7505	1.63	2.9	0.5	2.5	0.27	0.50	2.00	250 lbs	49	3 - 10
3/4	0.500	XC_5-7510	1.03	(max)	0.5	2.5	0.27	0.50	2.00	200 108	69	3-10
	1.000	XC_8-7508									79	
	1.500	XC_12-7508									81	
	2.000	XC_10-7505									82	
	4mm	XC_20x4M									41	
	8mm	XC_2-20x4M									59	
	12mm	XC_3-20x4M		2.0							67	
20mm	16mm	XC_4-20x4M	1.63	2.9 (max)	0.5	2.5	0.27	0.50	2.00	250 lbs	72	3 - 10
	20mm	XC_5-20x4M		(IIIax)							76	
	45mm	XC_9-20x5M									82	
	50mm	XC_10-20x5M									82	

† Patent No. 5839321

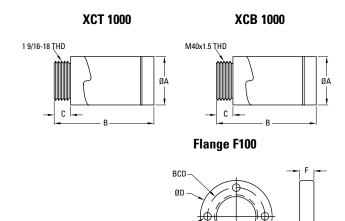


### XC 10000



The XC 10000 utilizes Thomson BSA's patented<sup>†</sup> ActiveCAM™ technology to provide very low drag torque, high axial stiffness and maximum wear life. This self compensating design produces excellent positional repeatability while insuring consistent performance for the long run.

Note: See Screw Section on page 36. Specify XCT, XCB or XCF when ordering, see drawings at right.



Dia.	Lead	Part No.	Nut	Dimens	sions	Fla	ange Di (Opti	mensional)	ons	Design Load	Efficiency %	Drag Torque
			Α	В	С	D	Е	F	BCD	Luau	/0	oz-in
24mm	5mm	XC_24x5M	1.88	3.0 (max)	0.60	3.0	0.27	0.60	2.37	350 lbs	42	5-15
	0.100	XC_1010	1.88								25	
	0.125	XC_1008									29	
	0.200	XC_1005		,,							41	
1"	0.250	XC_2-1008		3.0 (max)	0.60	3.0	0.27	0.60	2.37	350 lbs	46	5-15
'	0.250	XC_1004		(IIIax)							47	
	0.500	XC_5-1010									61	
	1.000	XC_10-1010									74	

<sup>†</sup> Patent No. 5839321

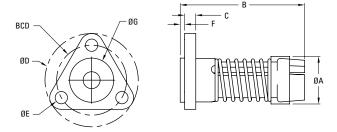




### AFT



The low cost AFT Supernut is designed for light load OEM applications and offers smooth movement and low drag torque for axial loads up to 10 pounds. The AFT anti-backlash collar automatically adjusts for wear for the life of the nut.



D:-	Local	Davit Ma			Supe	ernut® l	Dimens	sions			Design	Efficiency	Drag
Dia.	Lead	Part No.	А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	BCD	Load	%	Torque oz-in
	0.050	AFT3720										32	
	0.063	AFT3716	[									36	
	2mm	AFT37x2M	<u> </u>									42	
	0.083	AFT3712										44	
	0.100	AFT3710										49	
	0.125	AFT3708	<u> </u>									53	
3/8"	0.167	AFT2-3712	0.77	2.00	0.20	1.50	0.20	0.06	0.71	1.125	10 lbs	60	2 - 5
3/0	0.200	AFT2-3710	0.77	2.00	0.20	1.50	0.20	0.00	0.71	1.123	10 103	65	2-0
	0.250	AFT2-3708	]									68	
	0.300	AFT3-3710										73	
	0.375	AFT4-3711										75	
	0.500	AFT4-3708										79	
	1.000	AFT5-3705										82	
	1.200	AFT5-3704										82	
	2mm	AFT10x2M										41	
	3mm	AFT10x3M										53	
	4mm	AFT2-10x2M										59	
	5mm	AFT2-10x2.5M										64	
10mm	6mm	AFT4-10x1.5M	0.77	2.00	0.20	1.50	0.20	0.06	0.71	1.125	10 lbs	67	2 - 5
	10mm	AFT5-10x2M										76	
	12mm	AFT5-10x2.4M										78	
	20mm	AFT6-10x3.3M										81	
	35mm	AFT10-10x3.5M										81	
	0.125	AFT2-4316										55	
7/16"	0.250	AFT2-4308	0.77	2.00	0.20	1.50	0.20	0.06	0.71	1.125	10 lbs	65	2 - 5
	0.500	AFT4-4308										76	
	0.063	AFT5016										30	
	0.100	AFT5010										41	
	4mm	AFT2-50x2M										52	
1 /0"	0.200	AFT2-5010	0.00	2.02	0.25	1.00	0.20			1 250	25 16-	57	0 7
1/2"	0.250	AFT2-5008	0.88	2.03	0.25	1.62	0.20	-	-	1.250	25 lbs	62	3 - 7
	0.500	AFT4-5008		75									
	0.800	AFT8-5010										80	
	1.000	AFT8-5008										81	

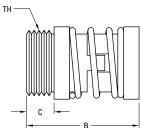


## **Anti-Backlash Supernuts®**

## **SNAB Thread Mount Style**



Our SNAB Model has the greatest design flexibility allowing anti-backlash assemblies through 1" diameters. All SNABs are made from our internally lubricated Acetal providing excellent lubricity and very low wear.



### **Flanges**

3/16" to 1/4"	F25
5/16" to 3/8" (10mm)	F37

Dimensions available on page 35.

## SNAB\* - 3/16" to 3/8" (10mm) Diameter

Dia.	المصا	Dowl N.		Superni	ut® Dim	ension	S	Preload	Design	Max	Efficiency	Drag Torque
Dia.	Lead	Part No.	А	B (min)	B (max)	С	TH	Force (lbs)	Load	Static Load	%	oz-in
3/16"	0.050	SNAB1820X	0.625	1.125	1.250	0.187	9/16-18	1-3	10 lbs	150 lbs	49	2 - 4
	0.125	SNAB3-1824X				0.107	· .	1.0	10 11		70	
6mm	1mm 0.031	SNAB6x1M SNAB2532X	0.625	1.125	1.250	0.187	9/16-18	1-3	10 lbs	150 lbs	37 30	2 - 4
ŀ		SNAB2532X SNAB2520X									41	-
	0.050 0.063	SNAB2520X SNAB2516X									48	-
	2mm	SNAB2-25x1M	-								53	1
1/4"	3mm	SNAB2-25X1IVI SNAB3-25x1M	0.625	1.125	1.250	0.187	9/16-18	1-3	25 lbs	225 lbs	62	2 - 4
'' <sup>4</sup>	0.125	SNAB2-2516X	0.023	1.120	1.230	0.107	3/10-10	1-3	20 108	223 103	64	2-4
ŀ	0.123	SNAB4-2520X	<u> </u>								72	-
F	0.250	SNAB4-2516X									76	
F	0.500	SNAB7-2514X									81	1
	0.083	SNAB3112X									49	
ŀ	0.167	SNAB2-3112X	l								65	
5/16"	0.250	SNAB2-3108X	0.750	1.160	1.340	0.250	5/8-18	2-5	50 lbs	350 lbs	72	2 - 4
3/10	0.500	SNAB4-3108X	0.750	1.100	1.540	0.230	3/0 10	2 0	00 ID3	000 100	80	-
-	1.000	SNAB8-3108X									81	
	0.050	SNAB3720X									32	
Ī	0.063	SNAB3716X	-								36	1
Ī	2mm	SNAB37x2M									42	1
F	0.083	SNAB3712X									44	
Ī	0.100	SNAB710X	İ								49	1
Ī	0.125	SNAB3708X	0.750	4 400	4 0 40						53	1
0./0//	0.167	SNAB2-3712X	0.750	1.160	1.340	0.050	F /0 40	0.5	70.11	050 !!	60	1
3/8"	0.200	SNAB2-3710X	İ			0.250	5/8-18	2-5	70 lbs	350 lbs	65	2 - 4
	0.250	SNAB2-3708X									68	
	0.300	SNAB3-3710X									73	
	0.375	SNAB4-3711X									75	]
	0.500	SNAB4-3708X									79	
	1.000	SNAB5-3705X	0.720	1.750	2.000						82	
	1.200	SNAB5-3704X	0.720	1.750	2.000						82	
L	2mm	SNAB10x2M									41	
Ļ	3mm	SNAB10x3M									53	
L	4mm	SNAB2-10x2M									59	
_	5mm	SNAB2-10x2.5M									64	
10mm	6mm	SNAB4-10x1.5M	0.750	1.160	1.340	0.250	5/8-18	2-5	70 lbs	350 lbs	67	2 - 4
	10mm	SNAB5-10x2M									76	
	12mm	SNAB5-10x2.4M		Sc	ld & Service	ed By:					78	
	20mm	SNAB6-10x3.3M			CE						81	
	35mm	SNAB10-10x3.5M		n one dire		RVO	<b>4GO.</b>	:om			81	



## **Anti-Backlash Supernuts®**

**SNAB Thread Mount Style** 

#### **Flanges**

7/16" to 5/8" (16mm) F50

Dimensions available on page 35.

## SNAB\* 7/16" to 5/8" (16mm) Diameter

D:-	Land	Dovt No		Supern	ut® Din	nensior	1S	Preload	Design	Max	Efficiency	Drag
Dia.	Lead	Part No.	А	B (min)	B (max)	С	TH	Force (lbs)	Load	Static Load	%	Torque oz-in
	0.125	SNAB2-4316X									55	
7/16"	0.250	SNAB2-4308X	1.000	1.700	2.000	0.375	15/16-16	4-9	100 lbs	500 lbs	65	3 - 5
	0.500	SNAB4-4308X									76	
	3mm	SNAB12x3M									48	
	4mm	SNAB2-12x2M									54	
	5mm	SNAB2-12x2.5M									59	
12mm	6mm	SNAB3-12x2M	1.000	1.700	2.000	0.375	15/16-16	4-9	100 lbs	500 lbs	63	3 - 5
12111111	10mm	SNAB4-12x2.5M	1.000	1.700	2.000	0.575	13/10-10	4-3	100 103	300 103	73	3-3
	15mm	SNAB6-12x2.5M									78	
	25mm	SNAB10-12x2.5M									82	
	45mm	SNAB15-12x3M									81	
	0.0625	SNAB5016	- -								30	]
	0.100	SNAB5010X									41	
	4mm	SNAB2-50x2M									52	
	0.200	SNAB2-5010X									57	]
1/2"	0.250	SNAB2-5008X	1.000	1.700	2.000	0.375	15/16-16	4-9	150 lbs	750 lbs	62	5 - 8
	0.500	SNAB4-5008X									75	
	0.800	SNAB8-5010X									80	]
	1.000	SNAB8-5008X									81	]
	1.500	SNAB12-5008X									82	
	0.100	SNAB6210X									35	
	0.125	SNAB6208X									40	
5/8"	0.200	SNAB2-6210X	1.000	1.700	2.000	0.375	15/16-16	4-9	160 lbs	800 lbs	51	7 - 10
	0.250	SNAB2-6208X									57	
	0.500	SNAB4-6208X									71	
	4mm	SNAB16x4M									47	
	5mm	SNAB2-16x2.5M									52	]
10	8mm	SNAB4-16x2M	-	1 700	2 000	0.075	15/10/10	4.0	100 lbs	000 lbs	63	7 10
16mm	16mm	SNAB7-16x2.3M	1.000	1.700	2.000	0.375	15/16-16	4-9	160 lbs	800 lbs	75	7 - 10
	25mm	SNAB5-16x5M									80	1
	35mm	SNAB7-16x5M									82	

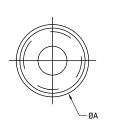
<sup>\*</sup> SNAB nuts are only as axially stiff as the spring force in one direction.

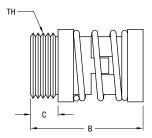


## **Anti-Backlash Supernuts®**

## **SNAB Thread Mount Style**







### **Flanges**

3/4" to 1" F100

Dimensions available on page 35.

SNAB\* 3/4" to 1" Diameter

D:-	Local	David Na		Superr	nut® Dir	nensio	ns	Preload	Design	Max	Efficiency	Drag Torque
Dia.	Lead	Part No.	А	B (min)	B (max)	С	TH	Force (lbs)	Load	Static Load	Efficiency %	oz-in
	0.100	SNAB7510X									31	
	0.125	SNAB7508X									36	
	0.167	SNAB7506X	]								44	
3/4"	0.200	SNAB7505X	1.750	2.500	3.000	0.600	1-9/16 - 18	10-20	300 lbs	1500 lbs	49	15 - 20
3/4	0.500	SNAB5-7510X	1.730	2.300	3.000	0.000	1-3/10 - 10	10-20	200 ID3	1300 103	69	13 - 20
	1.000	SNAB8-7508X									79	
	1.500	SNAB12-7508X	[								81	
	2.000	SNAB10-7505X									82	
	4mm	SNAB20x4M									41	
	8mm	SNAB2-20x4M									59	
	12mm	SNAB3-20x4M									67	
20mm	16mm	SNAB4-20x4M	1.750	2.500	3.000	0.600	1-9/16 - 18	10-20	300 lbs	1500 lbs	72	15 - 20
	20mm	SNAB5-20x4M									76	
	45mm	SNAB9-20x5M									82	
	50mm	SNAB10-20x5M									82	
24mm	5mm	SNAB24x5M	1.750	2.500	3.000	0.600	1-9/16 - 18	10-20	300 lbs	1500 lbs	42	15 - 20
	0.100	SNAB1010X									25	
	0.125	SNAB1008X									29	
	0.200	SNAB1005X									41	
1"	0.250	SNAB2-1008X	1.750	2.500	3.000	0.600	1-9/16 - 18	10-20	400 lbs	2000 lbs	46	15 - 20
	0.250	SNAB1004X									47	
	0.500	SNAB5-1010X									61	
	1.000	SNAB10-1010X									74	

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{*}}$  SNAB nuts are only as axially stiff as the spring force in one direction.

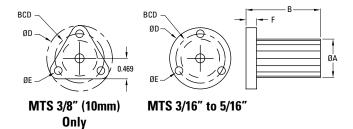




## Flange Mount Supernuts®

### **MTS**





### **Integral Flange Mount**

The MTS models provide the excellent lubricity and dimensional stability of our proprietary Acetal with the convenience of an integral flange.

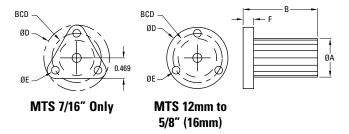
MTS - 3/16" to 3/8" (10mm) Diameter

Dia.	Lead	Part No.		Sı	upernut® l	Dimensio	ns		Design	Efficiency	Drag Torque
Dia.	Loud	Tartivo.	А	В	D	Е	F	BCD	Load	%	oz-in
3/16"	0.050	MTS1820	0.50	0.75	1.00	0.14	0.15	0.75	10 lbs	49	Free
	0.125	MTS3-1824								70	Wheeling
6mm	1mm	MTS6x1M	0.50	0.75	1.00	0.14	0.15	0.75	10 lbs	37	Free Wheeling
	0.031	MTS2532								30	1
	0.050	MTS2520								41	1
	0.063	MTS2516								48	4
	2mm	MTS2-25x1M								53	Free
1/4"	3mm	MTS3-25x1M	0.50	0.75	1.00	0.14	0.15	0.75	25 lbs	62	Wheeling
	0.125	MTS2-2516								64	ď
	0.200	MTS4-2520								72	-
	0.250	MTS4-2516								76 81	-
	0.500	MTS7-2514									
	0.083	MTS3112								49	-
5/16"	0.167 0.250	MTS2-3112 MTS2-3108	0.50	0.75	1.00	0.14	0.15	0.75	50 lbs	65 72	Free
5/10	0.250	MTS4-3108	0.50	0.75	1.00	0.14	0.15	0.75	SUI DC	80	Wheeling
	1.000	MTS8-3108								81	4
	0.050	MTS3720								32	
	0.050	MTS3720								36	1
	2mm	MTS37x2M								42	1
	0.083	MTS37X2W								44	1
	0.100	MTS3712								49	┪
	0.125	MTS3718								53	1
	0.123	MTS2-3712								60	Free
3/8"*	0.200	MTS2-3710	0.71	1.50	1.5	0.20	0.20	1.125	60 lbs	65	Wheeling
	0.250	MTS2-3708								68	1
	0.300	MTS3-3710								73	1
	0.375	MTS4-3711								75	1
	0.500	MTS4-3708								79	1
	1.000	MTS5-3705								82	1
	1.200	MTS5-3704								82	1
	2mm	MTS10x2M								41	
	3mm	MTS10x3M								53	
	4mm	MTS2-10x2M								59	
	5mm	MTS2-10x2.5M								64	1 _
10mm*	6mm	MTS4-10x1.5M	0.71	1.50	1.5	0.2	0.200	1.125	75 lbs	67	Free
	10mm	MTS5-10x2M								76	Wheeling
	12mm	MTS5-10x2.4M								78	
	20mm	MTS6-10x3.3M		Sold & Se	rviced By:					81	
	35mm	MTS10-10x3.5M		5	ERVO	<b>GO.</b> co	m			81	1

<sup>\* 3/8&</sup>quot; and 10mm with tri-flange

## Flange Mount Supernuts®

MTS



MTS 7/16" to 5/8" (16mm) Diameter

Dia.	Lead	Part No.		Sı	upernut® [	Dimensio	ns		Design	Efficiency %	Drag Torque
Dia.	Leau	raitinu.	А	В	D	E	F	BCD	Load	%	OZ-IN
	0.125	MTS2-4316								55	Free
7/16"*	0.250	MTS2-4308	0.71	1.50	1.5	0.20	0.200	1.125	75 lbs	65	Wheeling
	0.500	MTS4-4308								76	vviicening
	3mm	MTS12x3M								48	
	4mm	MTS2-12x2M								54	
	5mm	MTS2-12x2.5M								59	
12mm	6mm	MTS3-12x2M	0.75	1.50	1.5	0.20	0.250	1.125	125 lbs	63	Free
12111111	10mm	MTS4-12x2.5M	0.75	1.50	1.0	0.20	0.230	1.123	123 103	73	Wheeling
	15mm	MTS6-12x2.5M								78	
	25mm	MTS10-12x2.5M								82	
	45mm	MTS15-12x3M								81	
	0.0625	MTS5016	-							30	<u> </u>
	0.100	MTS5010								41	
	4mm	MTS2-50x2M								52	<u> </u>
	0.200	MTS2-5010								57	Fran
1/2"	0.250	MTS2-5008	0.75	1.50	1.5	0.20	0.250	1.125	125 lbs	62	Free Wheeling
	0.500	MTS4-5008								75	VVIICEIIIIg
	0.800	MTS8-5010								80	
	1.000	MTS8-5008								81	
	1.500	MTS12-6008								82	<u> </u>
	0.100	MTS6210								35	
	0.125	MTS6208								40	
5/8"	0.200	MTS2-6210	0.88	1.63	1.5	0.20	0.300	1.188	175 lbs	51	Free Wheeling
	0.250	MTS2-6208								57	vvilleelilig
	0.500	MTS4-6208								71	
		MTS16x4M								47	
	5mm	MTS2-16x2.5M								52	]
16mm	8mm	MTS4-16x2M	0.88	1.00	1 5	0.20	0.200	1 100	17E lbc	63	Free
16mm	16mm	MTS7-16x2.3M		1.63	1.5	0.20	0.300	1.188	175 lbs	75	Wheeling
	25mm	MTS5-16x5M								80	1
	35mm	MTS7-16x5M								82	]

<sup>\* 7/16&</sup>quot; with tri-flange

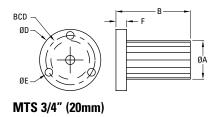




## Flange Mount Supernuts®

## MTS





MTS 3/4" (20mm) Diameter

Dia.	Lead	Part No.		Sı	upernut®	Dimensio	ns		Design	Efficiency	Drag Torque
Dia.	Leau		Α	В	D	Е	F	BCD	Load	%	oz-in
	0.100	MTS7510								31	
2/4"	0.125	MTS7508				0.20	0.300	1.438		36	]
	0.167	MTS7506							275 lbs	44	]
	0.200	MTS7505	1 125	1 75	2.0					49	Free Wheeling
3/4"	0.500	MTS5-7510	1.125	1.75	2.0					69	
	1.000	MTS8-7508								79	
	1.500	MTS12-7508								81	
	2.000	MTS10-7505								82	
	4mm	MTS20x4M								42	
	8mm	MTS2-20x4M								59	
	12mm	MTS3-20x4M								67	
20mm	16mm	MTS4-20x4M	1.125	1.75	2.0	0.20	0.300	1.438	275 lbs	72	Free Wheeling
	20mm	MTS5-20x4M								76	VVIICEIIIIG
	45mm	MTS9-20x5M								82	
	50mm	MTS10-20x5M								82	



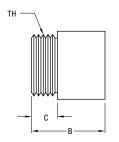
## **Thread Mount Supernuts®**

## SN



Our standard SN nuts have proven themselves for the past twenty years. Available in sizes from 3/16" to 1-1/2" with or without mounting flanges.

# ØA



#### **Flanges**

3/16" to 1/4"	F25
5/16" to 10mm	F37
7/16" to 16mm	F50
3/4" to 1"	F75
1-1/4"	F100
1-1/2"	R54-3

Dimensions available on page 35 or online.

## SN - 3/16" to 7/16" Diameter\*

SIN - 3/	lb" to //II	6" Diameter*										
Dia.	Lood	Dort No		Supernut® I	Dimensions		Design Load	Max. Ștatic	Efficiency %	Elango		
Dia.	Lead	Part No.	А	В	С	TH	Load	Load	% ′	Flange		
3/16"	0.050 0.125	SN1820X SN3-1824X	0.625	0.500	0.187	9/16-18	30 lbs	150 lbs	49 70	F25		
6mm	1mm	SN6x1M	0.625	0.500	0.187	9/16-18	30 lbs	150 lbs	37	F25		
OIIIII	0.031	SN2532X	0.020	0.000	0.107	0/10/10	00100	100100	30	120		
	0.050	SN2520X							41			
	0.063	SN2516X							48			
	2mm	SN2-25x1M							53			
1/4"	3mm	SN3-25x1M	0.625	0.500	0.187	9/16-18	45 lbs	225 lbs	62	F25		
	0.125	SN2-2516X							64			
	0.200	SN4-2520X							72			
	0.250	SN4-2516X							76			
	0.500	SN7-2514X							81			
	0.083	SN3112X							49			
#	0.167	SN2-3112X							65			
5/16"	0.250	SN2-3108X	0.750	0.750	0.250	5/8-18	70 lbs	350 lbs	72	F37		
	0.500	SN4-3108X							80			
	1.000	SN8-3108X							81			
	0.050	SN3720X							32			
	0.063	SN3716X							36 42			
	2mm 0.083	SN37x2M							42			
	0.100	SN3712X SN3710X			0.250	5/8-18	70 lbs	s 350 lbs	49	F37		
	0.100	SN3710X SN3708X							53			
	0.123	SN2-3712X							60			
3/8"	0.200	SN2-3710X	0.750	0.750					65			
	0.250	SN2-3710X							68			
	0.300	SN3-3710X							73			
	0.375	SN4-3711X							75			
	0.500	SN4-3708X							79			
	1.000	SN5-3705X							82			
	1.200	SN5-3704X							82	ĺ		
	2mm	SN10x2M							41			
	3mm	SN10x3M							53			
	4mm	SN2-10x2M							59			
	5mm	SN2-10x2.5M							64			
10mm	6mm	SN4-10x1.5M	0.750	0.750	0.250	5/8-18	70 lbs	350 lbs	67	F37		
	10mm	SN5-10x2M							76			
	12mm	SN5-10x2.4M							78			
	20mm	SN6-10x3.3M							67			
	35mm	SN10-10x3.5M							81			
_,	0.125	SN2-4316X		Cold & Consider of F	No.				55			
7/16"	0.250	SN2-4308X	1.000	Sold & COO iced E		15/16-16	100 lbs	500 lbs	65	F50		
	0.500	SN4-4308X		SED	voz co.	tom.			76			

<sup>\*</sup> For all sizes shown on this page Drag Torque = Free Wheeling



## **Thread Mount Supernuts®**

SN

SN 1/2" (12mm) to 5/8" (16mm) Diameter\*

Dia.	Lead	Part No.		Supernut® I	Dimensions		Design	Max. Static	Efficiency	Flange
Dia.	Load	Tartivo.	А	В	С	TH	Load	Load	%	riango
	3mm	SN12x3M							48	
	4mm	SN2-12x2M							54	
	5mm	SN2-12x2.5M							59	
12mm	6mm	SN3-12x2M	1.000	1.000	0.375	15/16-16	100 lbs	500 lbs	63	F50
12111111	10mm	SN4-12x2.5M	1.000	1.000	0.373	13/10-10	100 103	200 103	73	1 30
	15mm	SN6-12x2.5M							78	
	25mm	SN10-12x2.5M							82	
	45mm	SN15-12x3M							81	
	0.0625	SN5016X							30	
	0.100	SN5010X		1.000					41	F50
	4mm	SN2-50x2M	1.000			15/16-16			52	
	0.200	SN2-5010X							57	
1/2"	0.250	SN2-5008X			0.375		150 lbs	750 lbs	62	
	0.500	SN4-5008X							75	
	0.800	SN8-5010X							80	
	1.000	SN8-5008X							81	
	1.500	SN12-5008X							82	
	0.100	SN6210X							35	
	0.125	SN6208X							40	
5/8"	0.200	SN2-6210X	1.000	1.000	0.375	15/16-16	160 lbs	800 lbs	51	F50
	0.250	SN2-6208X							57	
	0.500	SN4-6208X							71	
	4mm	SN16x4M							47	
	5mm	SN2-16x2.5M							52	
16mm	8mm	SN4-16x2M	1.000	1.000	0.275	15/16 16	160 lbc	ONN lbe	63	EEU
10111111	16mm	SN7-16x2.3M	1.000	1.000	0.375	15/16-16	160 lbs	os 800 lbs	75	F50
	25mm	SN5-16x5M							80	
	35mm	SN7-16x5M							82	

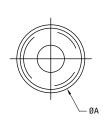
 $<sup>\</sup>mbox{\ensuremath{^{\star}}}$  For all sizes shown on this page Drag Torque = Free Wheeling

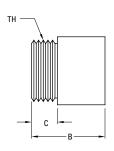


## **Thread Mount Supernuts®**

SN







#### **Flanges**

3/16" to 1/4"	F25
5/16" to 10mm	F37
7/16" to 16mm	F50
3/4" to 1"	F75
1-1/4"	F100
1-1/2"	R54-3

Dimensions available on page 35 or online.

SN 3/4" to 1 1/2" Diameter\*

Dia.	Lead	Part No.		Supernut® I	Dimensions		Design Load	Max. Static	Efficiency %	Flange
Dia.	Leau	i aitivo.	А	В	С	TH	Load	Load	%	i laliye
	0.100	SN7510X							31	
	0.125	SN7508X							36	
	0.167	SN7506X							44	
3/4"	0.200	SN7505X	1 500	4 500	0.500	4.0/0.40	300 lbs	1500 lba	49	
3/4	0.500	SN5-7510X	1.500	1.500	0.500	1 3/8-16		1500 lbs	69	F75
	1.000	SN8-7508X							79	
	1.500	SN12-7508X							81	İ
	2.000	SN10-7505X							82	
	4mm	SN20x4M							41	
20mm	8mm	SN2-20x4M			0.500	1 3/8-16			59	
	12mm	SN3-20x4M		1.500					67	F75
	16mm	SN4-20x4M	1.500				300 lbs	1500 lbs	72	
	20mm	SN5-20x4M							76	
	45mm	SN9-20x5M							82	
	50mm	SN10-20x5M							82	1
24mm	5mm	SN24x5M	1.500	1.500	0.500	1 3/8-16	300 lbs	1500 lbs	42	F75
	0.100	SN1010X							25	
	0.125	SN1008X							29	
	0.200	SN1005X							41	
1"	0.250	SN2-1008X	1.500	1.500	0.500	1 3/8-16	400 lbs	2000 lbs	46	F75
	0.250	SN1004X							47	
	0.500	SN5-1010X							61	
	1.000	SN10-1010X							74	
	0.200	SN1205X							35	
1 1/4"	0.200	SN2-1210X	2.000	2.000	0.600	1 9/16-18	400 lbs	2000 lbs	35	F100
	0.250	SN1204X							41	1
	0.200	SN1505X							31	
1 1 /0"	0.250	SN1504X	0.000	0.500	0.500	1 007 10	400 lbs	00 lbs 2000 lbs	36	R54-3
1 1/2"	0.375	SN1503X	2.000	2.500	0.530	1.967-18			47	
	0.500	SN2-1504X							52	

<sup>\*</sup> For all sizes shown on this page Drag Torque = Free Wheeling



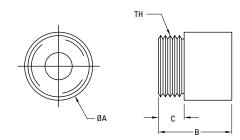
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## **Metric Thread Mount Supernuts®**

SB





Our classic Supernut is now available with metric mounting thread. Offered with our metric screw line sizes 10mm through 24mm. The nut color is black to easily differentiate it from the SN nut (see p. 31)

SB 10mm to 24mm) Diameter\*

D.	, ,	D. AN		Supernut® I	Dimensions		Design	Max. Static	Efficiency
Dia.	Lead	Part No.	А	В	С	TH	Load	Load	%
			in (mm)	in (mm)	in (mm)	111	lb (N)	lb (N)	
	2mm	SB10x2M							42
ļ	3mm	SB10x3M							53
	4mm	SB2-10x2M						050	59
	5mm	SB2-10x2.5M	0.750	0.750	0.250		70		64
10mm	6mm	SB4-10x1.5M	(19.1)	(19.1)	0.250 (6.5)	M16 x 1.5	(310)	350 (1550)	66
	10mm	SB5-10x2M	(13.1)	(13.1)	(0.5)		(310)	(1330)	76
	12mm	SB5-10x2.4M							78
	20mm	SB6-10x3.3M							81
	35mm	SB10-10x3.5M							81
	3mm	SB12x3M							48
12mm	4mm	SB2-12x2M			0.375 (9.5)				54
	5mm	SB2-12x2.5M		1.000 (25.4)					59
	6mm	SB3-12x2M	1.000			M22 x 1.5	100	500	63
12111111	10mm	SB4-12x2.5M	(25.4)				(445)	(2225)	73
	15mm	SB6-12x2.5M							78
	25mm	SB10-12x2.5M							82
	45mm	SB15-12x3M							81
	4mm	SB16x4M				N400 4 5	160	800	48
	5mm	SB2-16x2.5M							52
10	8mm	SB4-16x2M	1.000	1.000	0.375				63
16mm	16mm	SB7-16x2.3M	(25.4)	(25.4)	(9.5)	M22 x 1.5	(710)	(3560)	75
	25mm	SB5-16x5M							80
	35mm	SB7-16x5M							82
	4mm	SB20x4M							42
	8mm	SB2-20x4M							59
	12mm	SB3-20x4M	4 500	4 500	0.500			4500	67
20mm	16mm	SB4-20x4M	1.500	1.500	0.500	M35 x 1.5	300	1500	72
	20mm	SB5-20x4M	(38.1)	(38.1)	(12.7)		(1335)	(6675)	76
	45mm	SB9-20x5M							82
	50mm	SB10-20x5M							82
24mm	5mm	SB24x5M	1.500 (38.1)	1.500 (38.1)	0.500 (12.7)	M35 x 1.5	300 (1335)	1500 (6675)	42

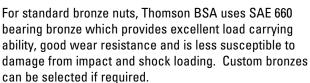
<sup>\*</sup> For all sizes shown on this page Drag Torque = Free Wheeling



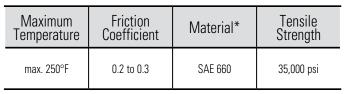
## **Thread Mount Bronze Nuts**

#### For Acme Screws





## **Material Properties**

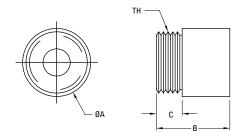


<sup>\*</sup> Other materials available on a custom basis.

### 1/4" to 5/8" Diameter

Dia.	Lead	Nut Part No. for R.H.	Nut Part No. for L.H.	Bron	nze Nut Dimensions			Fits Flange	Design Load <sup>†</sup>	Maximum Static	Torque to Raise 1 Pound
		Screws	Screws	Α	В	С	TH	No.	Lodd	Load	(in-oz)
	.050 BN2520		BN2520L								.41
1/4"	1/4" .0625	BN2516		0.625	0.625	0.187	9/16-18	F25	110 lbs	550 lbs	.43
.250	.250	BN4-2516	_								1.00
	.0625	BN3716						F37		1,500 lbs	.61
	.083	BN3712	BN3712L		0.750						.64
3/8"	.100	BN3710	BN3710L	0.750		0.250	5/8-18		300 lbs		.67
	.125	BN3708S									.76
	.167	BN2-3712S									.86
1/2"	.100	BN5010	BN5010L	1.00	1.00	0.375	15/16-	F50	620 lbs	2 100 lba	.83
1/2	.200	BN2-5010		1.00	1.00	0.373	16	F30	62U IDS	3,100 lbs	1.10
	.100	BN6210	BN6210L				1E/1C				.99
5/8"	.125	BN6208S		1.00	1.00	0.375	15/16- 16	F50	860 lbs	4,300 lbs	1.06
	.200	BN2-6210	_				10				1.26

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  Load ratings based on using Thomson BSA grease. See page 78.



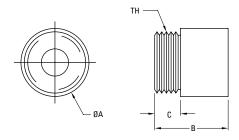


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## **Thread Mount Bronze Nuts**

For Acme Screws



3/4" to 3" Diameter

Dia.	Lead	Nut Part No. for R.H.	Nut Part No. for L.H.	Bro	nze Nu	ıt Dime	nsions	Fits Flange	Design Load <sup>†</sup>	Maximum Static	Torque to Raise 1 Pound
		Screws	Screws	Α	В	С	TH	No.	1055	Load	(in-oz)
	.100	BN7510	BN7510L								1.15
3/4"	.125	BN7508		1.50	1.50	0.500	1-3/8 - 16	F75	1,500 lbs	7,500 lbs	1.21
3/4	.167	BN7506	BN7506L	1.50	1.50	0.500	1-3/0 - 10	173			1.28
	.200	BN7505	BN7505L								1.35
	.100	BN1010	_								1.47
	.125	BN1008	_								1.52
1"	.200	BN1005		1.50	1.50	0.500	1-3/8 - 16	F75	1,900 lbs	9,500 lbs	1.67
•	.250	BN1004	_	1.50	1.50	0.500	1-3/0 - 10	175	1,500 153	3,300 103	1.76
	.500	BN5-1010	_								2.55
	1.000	BN10-1010									3.91
1-1/4"	.200	BN1205*	_	1.75	1.75	0.625	1-9/16 - 18	R1004-3	3,000 lbs	15,000 lbs	1.99
1-1/4	.250	BN1204*	_	1.75	1.75	0.025	1-9/16 - 18	K1004-3	3,000 103	13,000 103	2.09
	.200	BN1505*									2.31
1-1/2"	.250	BN1504*		2.25	2.25	0.530	1.967-18	R54-3	4,600 lbs	23,000 lbs	2.41
1-1/2	.375	BN1503*	_	2.23	2.23	0.550	1.307-10	1104-0	4,000 103	25,000 103	2.56
	.500	BN2-1504*	_								3.08
2"	.250	BN2004*		2.75	3.50	0.780	2.548-18	R50-3	8,000 lbs	40,000 lbs	3.04
2-1/4"	.250	BN2204*		3.37	3.00	1.56	3.137-12	R2202-3	12,800 lbs	64,000 lbs	3.70
2-1/2"	.250	BN2504*	_	3.37	3.00	1.56	3.137-12	R2202-3	16,000 lbs	80,000 lbs	3.90
2-3/4"	.250	BN2704*		4.00	4.00	1.75	3.625-12	R2501-3	20,000 lbs	100,000 lbs	4.20
3"	.250	BN3004*	_	4.00	4.00	1.75	3.625-12	R2501-3	23,000 lbs	115,000 lbs	4.50

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  Load ratings based on using Thomson BSA grease. See page 78.  $\ensuremath{^{\ast}}$  Non-stock item



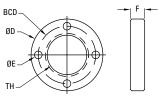
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## **Standard Mounting Flanges**

For Bronze Nuts and Supernuts®







## Aluminum (6061-T6) Flanges for Bronze Nuts and Supernuts®

Part No.		Flange Dimensions									
rait ivo.	D	Е	F	BCD	TH						
F25	1.25	0.140 (4X)	0.187	1.00	9/16 - 18						
F37	1.60	0.177 (4X)	0.250	1.24	5/8 - 18						
F50	2.00	0.266 (4X)	0.375	1.50	15/16 - 16						
F75	2.50	0.266 (4X)	0.500	2.00	1-3/8 - 16						
F100	3.00	0.266 (4X)	0.600	2.37	1-9/16 - 18						

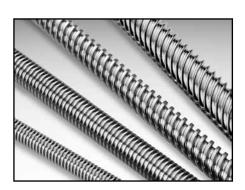
Aluminum flanges do not have a set screw which could deform the Supernut® and possibly cause binding. Aluminum flanges should be pinned or bonded to Supernuts® to prevent unwanted disassembly during operation.





## **Lead Screws**

Lead Screws — 3/16" to 3/8" Diameter



Nominal Major Diameter	Lead	Precision Prefix	Standard Prefix	BSA Part No.	Avail in Left Hand	Material	Root Diameter	Recommended Bearing	
3/16"	0.050	SPR	SRA	1820	L	Stainless Steel	0.12	N/A	
0	0.125	CDD	CD A	3-1824		04-1-1 041	0.13	4	
6mm	1mm	SPR	SRA	6x1M	L	Stainless Steel	0.18	4mm	
	0.031			2532	L		0.21		
	0.050	<u> </u>		2520	L		0.19		
	0.063			2516	L		0.17		
4 /4//	2mm	SPR	ODA	2-25x1M		0. 1 0. 1	0.19		
1/4"	3mm		SRA	3-25x1M		Stainless Steel	0.19	4mm	
	0.125			2-2516	1		0.17		
	0.200			4-2520			.018		
	0.250	N1 / A	1	4-2516			0.17		
	0.500	N/A		7-2514			0.16		
	0.083	SPR		3112	L	Stainless Steel	0.22		
- 4.0"	0.167		SRA	2-3112			0.20		
5/16"	0.250			2-3108S			0.22	4mm	
	0.500			4-3108S			0.21		
	1.000			8-3108			0.23		
	0.0500			3720	L		0.30		
	0.0625	ļ		3716	L		0.30		
	2mm			37x2M	L		0.28		
	0.083			3712	L		0.28		
	0.100			3710	L		0.26		
	0.125	SPR		3708S	L		0.29		
3/8"	0.167		SRA	2-3712S		Stainless Steel	0.31	4mm	
0/0	0.200		011/1	2-3710		Otalillood Otoci	0.26		
- - - -	0.250			2-3708S	L		0.29		
	0.300			3-3710			0.25		
	0.375			4-3711	L		0.27		
	0.500			4-3708S	L		0.27		
	1.00	N/A		5-3705			0.24		
	1.20	IN/A		5-3704			0.24		



## **Lead Screws**

Lead Screws — 7/16" (10mm) to 5/8" (16mm) Diameter

Nominal Major Diameter	Lead	Precision Prefix	Standard Prefix	BSA Part No.	Avail in Left Hand	Material	Root Diameter	Recommended Bearing
	2mm			10x2M	L		0.31	
	3mm	SPT	SRT	10x3M	L		0.25	1
	4mm	]		2-10x2M			0.29	1
	5mm			2-10x2.5M			0.27	1
10mm	6mm	]		4-10x1.5M		Stainless Steel	0.31	4mm
	10mm	SPR	SRA	5-10x2M			0.29	]
	12mm		SNA	5-10x2.4M			.029	]
	20mm			6-10x3.3M			0.30	]
	35mm	N/A		10-10x3.5M			0.29	
	0.125			2-4316			0.35	
7/16"	0.250	SPR	SRA	2-4308S		Stainless Steel	0.36	6mm
	0.500			4-4308S			0.33	
	3mm	SPT	SRT	12x3M			0.31	_
	4mm	SPR	SRA	2-12x2M			0.36	_
	5mm	SPT	SRT	2-12x2.5M			0.35	_
12mm	6mm	SPR	SRA	3-12x2M		Stainless Steel	0.35	6mm
12111111	10mm	SPT	SRT	4-12x2.5M		3(4)111622 3(66)	0.35	J
	15mm	SPR	SRA	6-12x2.5M			0.34	_
	25mm	_	SRA	10-12x2.5M			0.36	_
	45mm	_	SRA	15-12x3M			0.37	
	0.0625			5016			0.41	
	0.100			5010	L		0.37	_
	4mm	SPR		2-50x2M			0.39	
	0.200	3111		2-5010			0.39	
1/2"	0.250		SRA	2-5008		Stainless Steel	0.38	6mm
	0.500			4-5008			0.36	_
	0.800			8-5010			0.37	
	1.000	N/A		8-5008			0.39	
	1.500			12-5008			0.39	
	0.100	SPR		6210	L		0.52	1
	0.125	0111		6208S	L		0.52	
5/8"	0.200	]	SRA	2-6210	L	Stainless Steel	0.52	8 to 10mm
	0.250	SPR		2-6208S			0.52	<u> </u>
	0.500			4-6208			0.48	
	4mm	SPT	SRT	16x4M	L		0.45	
	5mm			2-16x2.5M			0.48	_
16mm	8mm	SPR		4-16x2M		Stainless Steel	0.51	8 to 10mm
TOTTITI	16mm		SRA	7-16x2.3M		Granness Greet	0.49	0 to 10111111
	25mm	N/A		5-16x5M			0.45	
	35mm	IV/A		7-16x5M			0.48	





## **Lead Screws**

Lead Screws — 3/4" (24mm) to 3" Diameter

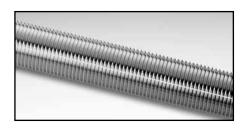
Nominal Major Diameter	Lead	Precision Prefix	Standard Prefix	BSA Part No.	Avail in Left Hand	Material	Root Diameter	Recommended Bearing
	0.100	SPR		7510	L		0.63	
	0.125	) 25H		7508	L		0.61	
	1.500	N/A		12-7508			0.62	
3/4"	0.167	SPR	SRA	7506	L	Stainless Steel	0.56	10
3/4	0.200	) 95H	2HA	7505	L	Stainless Steel	0.53	12mm
	0.500			5-7510			0.62	
	1.000	N/A		8-7508			0.61	
	2.000			10-7505 <sup>†</sup>	L		0.59	
	4mm	SPT	SRT	20x4M	L		0.61	
	8mm			2-20x4M			0.58	
	12mm	SPR		3-20x4M			0.59	
20mm	16mm		SRA	4-20x4M		Stainless Steel	0.59	12mm
	20mm	-	2KA	5-20x4M			0.59	
	45mm	-		9-20x5M			0.62	
	50mm			10-20x5M			0.65	
24mm	5mm	SPT	SRT	24x5M	L	Stainless Steel	0.73	12 to 15mm
	0.100			1010	L		0.88	12 to 20mm
	0.125	SPR	SRA	1008	L	Stainless Steel	0.86	12 10 20111111
	0.200			1005	L		0.78	12 to 15mm
1"	0.250	N/A	RA	1004	L	Carbon Steel	0.72	12 (0 15)11111
	0.250	SPR		2-1008			0.84	
	0.500	N/A	SRA	5-1010		Stainless Steel	0.88	12 to 20mm
	1.000	IN/A		10-1010			0.88	
	0.200		RA	1205	L	Low Carbon Steel	1.03	
	0.200		SRA	1205	L	Stainless Steel	1.01	
1-1/4"	0.200	N/A	SNA	2-1210			1.11	20mm
	0.250		RA	1204	L	Low Carbon Steel	0.98	
	0.200			1505	L		1.28	
1-1/2"	0.250	N/A	RA	1504	L	Low Carbon Steel	1.23	25mm
1-1/2	0.375	IN/A	n/A	1503		row carbon steer	1.11	Zəllilli
	0.500			2-1504			1.23	
2"	0.250	N/A	RA	2004	L	Low Carbon Steel	1.73	*
2-1/4"	0.250	N/A	RA	2204	L	Low Carbon Steel	1.98	*
2-1/2"	0.250	N/A	RA	2504	L	Low Carbon Steel	2.23	*
2-3/4"	0.250	N/A	RA	2704	Ĺ	Low Carbon Steel	2.48	*
3"	0.250	N/A	RA	3004	L	Low Carbon Steel	2.73	*

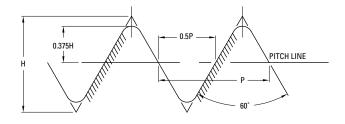
<sup>†</sup> Nominal O.D. is .734"



### **V-Thread Screws**

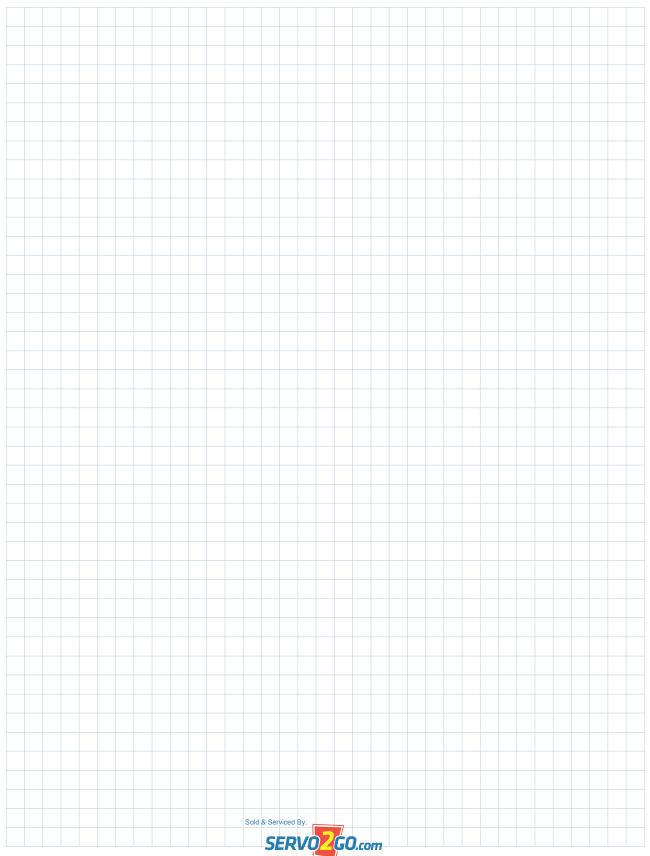
#### Burnished Finish 303 Stainless Steel





- Some sizes available in 1018 Steel
- Matching Supernuts and Left Hand Screws on special request
- Lead Accuracy is .015 in/ft

Diameter	Lead	Size	Part No.	Recommended Bearing
6mm	1mm	6 x 1	SV6x1	4mm
	0.0125	1/4-80	SV2580	
	0.0208	1/4-48	SV2548	
	0.0250	1/4-40	SV2540	
1/4"	0.0278	1/4-36	SV2536	
1/4	0.0313	1/4-32	SV2532	4mm
	0.0357	1/4-28	SV2528	
	0.0417	1/4-24	SV2524	
	0.0500	1/4-20	SV2520	
F /10"	0.0130	5/16-80	SV3180	4
5/16"	0.0420	5/16-24	SV3124	- 4mm
	0.013	3/8-80	SV3780	
	0.0250	3/8-40	SV3740	
	0.0313	3/8-32	SV3732	]
0 /0"	0.0400	3/8-25	SV3725	1 to C
3/8"	0.0417	3/8-24	SV3724	4 to 6mm
	0.0500	3/8-20	SV3720	
	0.0625	3/8-16	SV3716	
	0.0833	3/8-12	SV3712	
7/16"	0.0500	7/16-20	SV4320	6mm
	0.0130	1/2-80	SV5080	
	0.0250	1/2-40	SV5040	
1 /0"	0.0333	1/2-30	SV5030	C to Omm
1/2"	0.0500	1/2-20	SV5020	6 to 8mm
	0.0625	1/2-16	SV5016	
	0.0769	1/2-13	SV5013	



## **Ball Screws**



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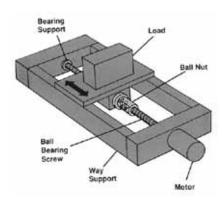
Description	Page
Ball Screw Selection Guide	42
Precision Rolled Ball Screw Assemblies Precision Rolled 3/8" to 3/4" diameter	44
Precision Rolled 1" to 1-1/2" diameter	48
Precision Rolled 2" to 4" diameter	52
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#### **Ball Screw Selection Guide**

#### Ball Bearing Screw Selection Process

For the selection of ball bearing screws, BSA has developed a simplified process. By applying the four steps which follow, the proper size ball bearing screw can readily be selected for most applications. This four step process includes:

- · Determine the load
- · Determine the design life objective
- Verify safe speed
- Verify safe compression load

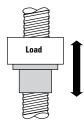


If unique design considerations are encountered in your application, consult the factory for indepth technical assistance.

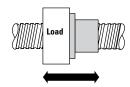
#### Step 1. Determine the load

The key step here is to determine the load "as seen by the screw." Essentially, the load applied in a vertical application, such as lifting or jacking, is the same as the weight of the load.

#### **VERTICAL APPLICATION**



#### HORIZONTAL APPLICATION



Lifting or pushing an automobile is a good analogy for explaining this relationship. It may be impossible to lift a 3,000 pound automobile, but it is possible to push it. The "load seen" in pushing the auto is the weight of the auto times the coefficient of friction of the wheels.

The load seen by a ball bearing screw is the weight of the load times the coefficient of friction of the bearing supports. For example, take a 3,000 pound load supported on way bearings with a coefficient of friction of .2. The force required to move the load would be 3,000 lb. x .2 = 600 lbs. This is the load as seen by the screw. Typical coefficient of friction for various bearing surfaces are:

#### SLIDES/WAYS

Bronze on steel (lubricated) = .16 Steel on steel (lubricated) = .18

#### **BEARINGS**

Ball bushings = .001 Rollerway bushings = .005 Ball bearing splines = .005

Another practical way to determine the load in an actual application is to attach a spring scale to the load and pull it. Base the load on the moving force required, not on the higher starting (breakaway) force.

## **Step 2.** Determine the design life objective

The design life objective is the number of inches that a ball bearing nut will travel during the desired life of the machine.



#### VERTICAL APPLICATION



Example of calculating life in a vertical application:

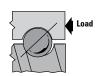
- · Length of stroke: 8 inches
- Cycle rate of machine: 25 strokes/hr.
- Estimated machine operation/day: 16 hrs/day
- Number of working days/year: 225 days
- Number of years machine is designed for: 10 years
   Counting one trip up (8 inches) and one trip down (8 inches) for each cycle the design life objective in this example is:

8 x 2 x 25 x 16 x 225 x 10 = 14,400,000 inches

It should be noted that the stroke length must be multiplied by 2 because the load is always on the same side of the ball groove during both extend and retract strokes.

#### HORIZONTAL APPLICATION





Using the vertical application example it would not be necessary to multiply the 8 inch stroke length by 2 in a hori-zontal application. The calculation is:

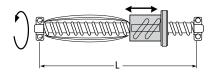
 $8 \times 25 \times 16 \times 225 \times 10 =$  7,200,000 inches

#### **Ball Screw Selection Guide**

Once the load and design life objective have been determined, refer to the load/life relationship formula on page 85 to select the correct unit.

**Step 3.** Verify safe speed The three factors that determine the safe speed of a ball bearing screw are:

- · Screw diameter
- · Screw length
- · Rigidity of end mountings



A small diameter, long length screw operating at very high speed could develop severe vibrations. Normally, this is not a problem, but should always be checked.

## RPM = \frac{\text{travel rate (inches/minute)}}{\text{lead (inches/revolution)}}

If safe speed is a concern, first use the most rigid end mounting arrangement. Secondly, use a larger diameter screw.

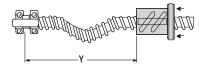
Engineering curves for critical speed comparisons of all models can be found on page 84.

**Step 4.** Verify safe compression load

The three factors that determine the safe compression load of a given diameter ball bearing screw are:

- Length between load point and end bearing
- Load
- Rigidity of end mountings

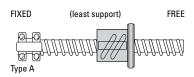
If a sufficiently heavy load is applied to a long ball bearing screw it could buckle. The easiest solution to this problem is to use the most rigid end mounting. The next step is to select a larger diameter screw.

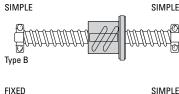


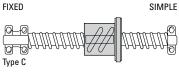
Engineering curves for compression load comparisons of all models can be found on page 84.

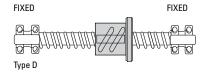
#### End Mounting Bearing Supports

Four combinations of bearing supports are used throughout this catalog for selection purposes. They are:









See pages 61-68 for more information on end journals and bearing supports.

#### **Other Considerations**

In selecting a ball screw, many factors such as load, length, bearing supports, life, speed, etc., are interrelated.

Changing one factor often forces the designer to change another. The selection process consists largely of balancing these factors to arrive at the optimum design.

An example of the interrelationship of design factors is fine lead vs. coarse lead. A fine lead provides better positioning sensitivity and a lower drive torque, but it also results in higher rotary speed. A coarse lead results in lower rotary speed, but requires a higher drive torque which may require a larger motor and related drive components. The chart below presents the effect of change in parameters on common ball bearing screw characteristics.

Increase	Result
Screw	Critical Speed deceases
Length	Compression load decreases
	Critical Speed inceases
Screw Diameter	Inertia increases
2.4	Compression load increases
Land	Drive torque increases
Lead	Angular velocity decreases
End Mount-	Critical Speed inceases
ing Rigidity	Compression load increases
Load	Life decreases
	Positioning accuracy inceases
Preload	System stiffness increases
	Drag torque increases





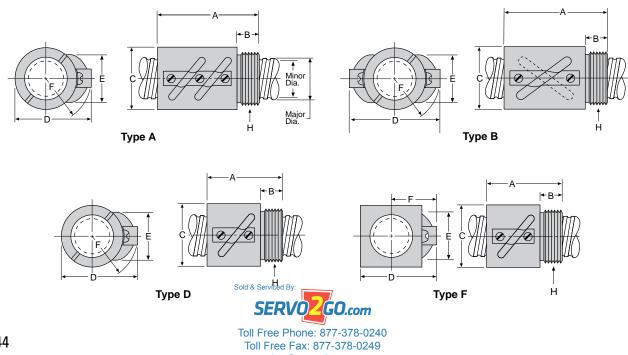
## 3/8" to 3/4" Diameter

#### **Product Specifications**

			Ball	Screws				Sta	andard	l Ball Ni	uts		Preloaded Ball Nuts			
Nom. Dia.	Lead (in/ rev)	RH LH	SST 17-4 PH	Support Bearing (See p 51)	Nom. Root Dia.	Screw P/N	Nut P/N	Nut type	No. of Cir- cuits	Dynamic Load Rating (lbs)*	Static Load Rating (Ibs)	Tourque to Raise 1lb	Nut P/N	Max. Preload (lbs)	Static Load Rating (lbs)	
	.125	R				R0308†	RB0308-2	Α	2	500	4.250		Ī	_		
3/8"	.125	R		6mm	.300	PRX10†	RX10-2	D	1	136	1,415	.02 lb-in	_	_	_	
	.125	R	Х			PRB15	RB15-2	D	1	25	230		_	_	_	
	.200	R		C		PR0505	R0505-2	Α	2	1,200	9,400	.04 lb-in	RP0505-2	360	9,040	
1/2"	.500	R		6mm or 8mm	.390	PR0502	RB20-2	В	2	850	4,150	.09 lb-in	-	_	_	
	.500	R	Х	Onnin		PRB21	RB21-2	В	2	140	750	ווו-מו פט.	-	_	_	
	.200	R				PR0605	RC0605-2	D	1	800	6,150		RD0605-2	240	5,910	
	.200	R				PR0605	RQ0605-2	F	1	800	6,150		_	_		
5/8"	.200	L		8mm	.480	PRL0605	RK0605-2	D	1	800	6,150	.04 lb-in	RE0605-2	240	5,910	
3/0	.200	L		OIIIIII	.400	PRL0605	RR0605-2	F	1	800	6,150	.04 10-111	-	_		
	.200	R	Х			SPRB30	SRB30-2	D	1	170	1,250	]	-	_	_	
	.200	L	Х			SPRB 31	SRB31-2	D	1	170	1,250		-	_	_	
	.200	R				PR0705	RBC0705-2	D	1	950	7,750		-	_	-	
	.200	R				PR0705	RB0705-2	Α	2	1,900	18,800	.04 lb-in	-	_	-	
3/4"	.200	R	Х	12mm	.625	PRB36	RB36-2	D	1	160	1,350		-	_	_	
	.500	R				PR0702	R0702-2	В	2	3,450	24,200	00 lb in	RP0702-2	1,035	23,165	
	.500	R	Х			PRS0702	RS0702-2	В	2	600	3,460	.09 lb-in	-	_	_	

All screws come in precision grade (0.003 in/ft) except as noted. Delete the leading P in the screw P/N for standard grade (0.010 in/ft.) Non-preloaded ball nuts come standard with no more than 0.007" backlash. Minimum backlash (0.002") is available for an additional charge. For zero backlash, select a preloaded assembly.

Complete assembly selections shown pages 61 - 68.



<sup>\*</sup> Dynamic load ratings based on 1,000,000 inches of travel using BSA Grease—see page 78.

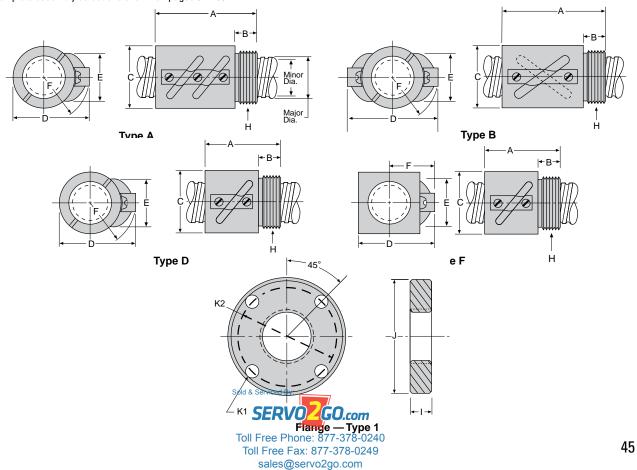
<sup>†</sup> Available only in 0.005" per foot lead accuracy.

## 3/8" to 3/4" Diameter

#### **Dimensions**

			(	Standar	d Ball N	luts			Opt	ional B	all Nut Fl	anges
Nut P/N	Nut Type	A Max	B Max	C Max	D Max	E Max	F Max	H "V" Threads	l Max	J Max	K1 Hole Dia.	K2 Bolt Circle Dia.
RB0308-2	Α	1.83	0.255	0.786	0.915	0.468	0.55	.664-32 (N-03 Locknut)	0.275	1.61	0.177 (4x)	1.24
RX10-2	D	1.01	0.255	0.755	0.850	0.475	0.48	.664-32 (N-03 Locknut)	0.275	1.61	0.177 (4x)	1.24
RB15-2	D	1.01	0.255	0.736	0.850	0.475	0.48	.664-32 (N-03 Locknut)	0.275	1.61	0.177 (4x)	1.24
R0505-2	А	2.76	0.390	1.070	1.339	0.665	0.85	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RB20-2	В	1.76	0.390	1.063	1.390	0.625	0.70	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RB21-2	В	1.76	0.390	1.063	1.390	0.625	0.70	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RC0605-2	D	1.72	0.510	1.130	1.360	0.787	0.80	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RQ0605-2	F	1.72	0.510	1.005	1.300	0.797	0.80	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RK0605-2	D	1.72	0.510	1.130	1.360	0.787	0.80	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RR0605-2	F	1.72	0.510	1.005	1.300	0.797	0.80	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
SRB30-2	D	1.72	0.510	1.361	1.500	0.900	0.80	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
SRB31-2	D	1.72	0.510	1.361	1.500	0.900	0.80	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RBC0705-2	D	1.89	0.510	1.317	1.550	0.959	0.90	1 1/8-18 UNEF-2A	0.540	2.63	0.266 (4x)	2.09
RB0705-2	А	2.89	0.510	1.317	1.521	0.917	0.94	1 1/8-18 UNEF-2A	0.540	2.63	0.266 (4x)	2.09
RB36-2	D	1.88	0.510	1.361	1.580	0.770	0.90	1 1/8-18 UNEF-2A	0.540	2.63	0.266 (4x)	2.09
R0702-2	В	2.94	0.510	1.317	1.984	0.983	1.06	1 1/4-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RS0702-2	В	2.94	0.510	1.317	1.984	0.983	1.06	1 1/4-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09

Complete assembly selections shown on pages 61-68.



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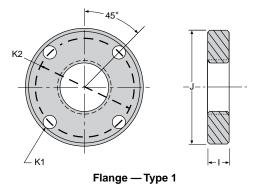
## 3/8" to 3/4" Diameter

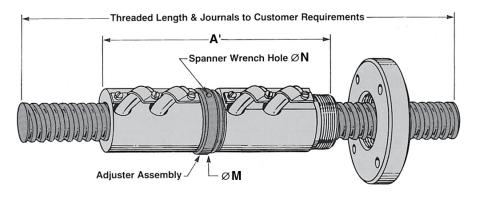
#### **Dimensions - Preloaded Nuts**

			Р	reloade	ed Ball I	Vuts			Opt	ional B	all Nut Fl	anges
Nut P/N	Nut Type	A' Max	B* Max	C* Max	F* Max	M Max	N Max	H* "V" Threads	l Max	J Max	K1 Hole Dia.	K2 Bolt Circle Dia.
RP0505-2	Α	5.95	0.390	1.067	0.85	1.420	0.203	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RD0605-2	D	3.72	0.510	1.130	0.80	1.420	0.203	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RE0605-2	D	3.75	0.510	1.130	0.80	1.420	0.203	15/16-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09
RP0702-2	В	6.18	0.510	1.317	1.06	1.670	0.266	1 1/4-16 UN-2A	0.540	2.63	0.281 (4x)	2.09

<sup>\*</sup> See drawings on previous two pages.

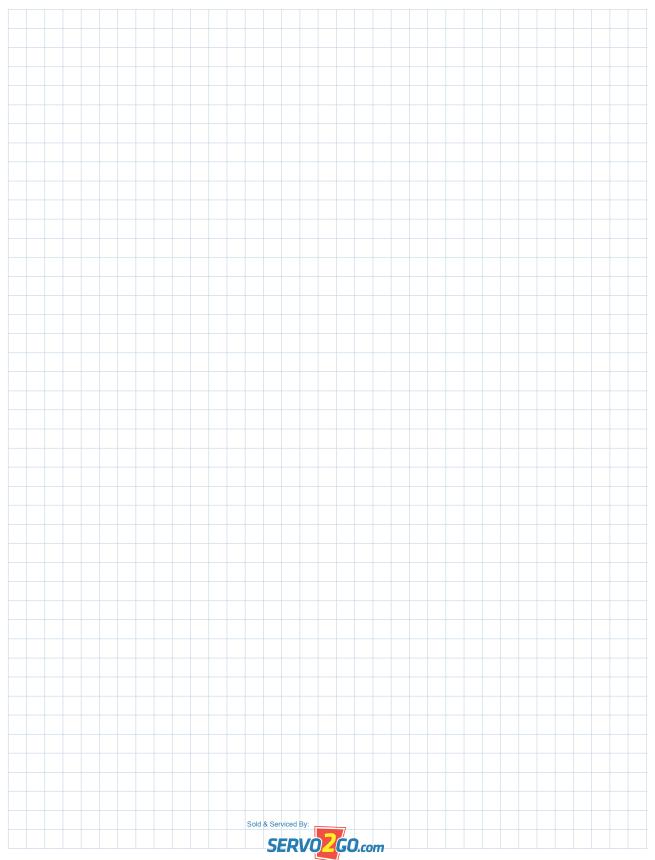
Complete assembly selections shown on pages 61-68.





**Preloaded Ball Nut** 







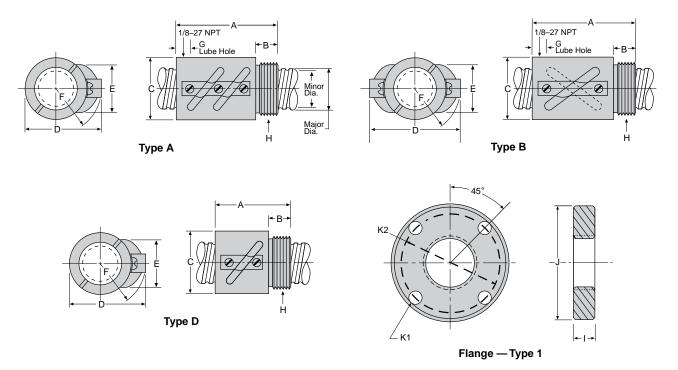
## 1" to 1-1/2" Diameter

#### **Product Specifications**

			Ball	Screws				Sta	andard	l Ball N	uts		Preloaded Ball Nuts			
Nom. Dia.	Lead (in/ rev)	RH LH	SST	Support Bearing (See p 51)	Nom. Root Dia.	Screw P/N	Nut P/N	Nut type	No. of Cir- cuits	Dynamic Load Rating (lbs)*	Static Load Rating (lbs)	Tourque to Raise 1lb	Nut P/N	Max. Preload (Ibs)	Static Load Rating (lbs)	
	.250	R				PR1004	R1004-2	Α	2	3,350	30,750		İ	ı	_	
	.250	R			.836	PR1004	RC1004-2	D	1	1,600	12,700	.05 lb-in	İ	ı	_	
	.250	L		4.5	.030	PRL1004	RL1004-2	Α	2	3,350	30,750	ווו-עו טט.	İ	ı	_	
1	.250	L		15 or 20mm		PRL1004	RK1004-2	D	1	1,600	12,700		İ	ı	_	
	.500	R		2011111	.879	PR1002	R1002-2	В	2	3,950	32,300	.09 lb-in	RP1002-2	1,185	31,115	
	1.000	R			.836	PR1001	R1001-2	В	2	2,250	13,750	.18 lb-in	İ	ı	_	
	1.000	R	Х		.030	RS1001†	RS1001-2	В	2	430	2,000	.10 ID-III	İ	ı	_	
1 1/8	0.200	R		20mm	1.020	PR1105	R1105-2	Α	2	2,400	27,550	.04 lb-in	RP1105-2	720	26,830	
	0.250	R			1.320	PRX1504†	RX1504-2	Α	2	4,198	44,030	.05 lb-in	İ	ı	_	
	0.500	R			1.265	PR1502	R1502-2	Α	2	12,900	102,300	.09 lb-in	RP1502-2	3,870	98,430	
1 1/2	0.500	L		25mm	1.200	PRL1502	RL1502-2	Α	2	12,900	102,300	ווו-מו פט.	_	-	_	
	1.000	R			1.143	PR1501	R1501-2	В	2	8,250	47,800	.18 lb-in	RP1501-2	2,475	45,325	
	2.000	R			1.210	PR1520	R1520-2	В	2	7,600	29,000	.35 lb-in	_	_		

All screws come standard in precision grade (0.003 in/ft) except where noted. Delete the leading P in the screw P/N for standard grade (0.010 in/ft) One-inch nuts come with up to 0.009" backlash. Larger sizes come standard with up to 0.018" backlash. Custom loading is available. For zero backlash select a preloaded assembly.

<sup>†</sup> Offered in 0.005" per foot Igrad only





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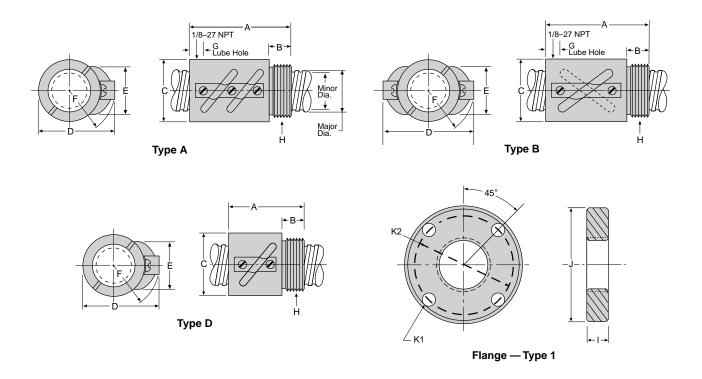
<sup>\*</sup> Dynamic load ratings based on 1,000,000 inches of travel using BSA grease—see page 78.

## 1" to 1-1/2" Diameter

#### **Dimensions**

				Standa	ard Ba	II Nuts				0	ptiona	l Ball N	Nut Flanç	jes
Nut P/N	Nut Type	A Max	B Max	C Max	D Max	E Max	F Max	G Max*	H "V" Threads	Flange Type	l Max	J Max	K1 Hole Dia.	K2 Bolt Circle Dia.
R1004-2	Α	3.14	0.630	1.692	1.882	1.191	1.12	-	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
RC1004-2	D	2.36	0.630	1.692	1.913	1.185	1.09	ı	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
RL1004-2	А	3.14	0.630	1.692	1.882	1.191	1.05	ı	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
RK1004-2	D	2.36	0.630	1.692	1.913	1.185	1.08	ı	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
R1002-2	В	3.13	0.630	1.692	2.172	1.191	1.12	ı	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
R1001-2	В	3.10	0.605	1.692	2.172	1.200	1.17	ı	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
RS1001-2	В	3.10	0.605	1.692	2.172	1.200	1.10	ı	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
R1105-2	А	2.51	0.485	1.692	1.963	1.281	1.22	ı	1 5/8-20 UN-2A	1	0.495	3.23	0.281	2.702
RX1504-2	А	2.88	0.505	2.098	2.400	1.604	1.53	ı	1.967-18 UNS-2A	1	0.520	4.20	0.397	3.440
R1502-2	Α	5.59	0.755	2.630	3.177	1.564	1.93	.46	2.360-18 UNS-2A	1	0.785	4.65	0.531	3.875
RL1502-2	Α	5.59	0.755	2.630	3.154	1.566	1.88	.46	2.360-18 UNS-2A	1	0.785	4.65	0.531	3.875
R1501-2	В	3.65	1.010	2.630	3.696	1.737	1.96	_	2 ¼-20 UN-2A	1	1.030	4.97	0.531	4.125
R1520-2	В	5.26	1.005	2.621	3.400	1.576	1.68	.50	2 1/4-20 UN-2A	1	1.030	4.97	0.531	4.125

<sup>\*</sup> Lube hole is 1/8 - 27 NPT tapped hole where offered.





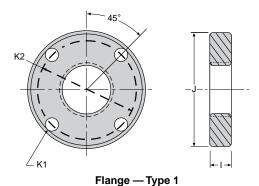


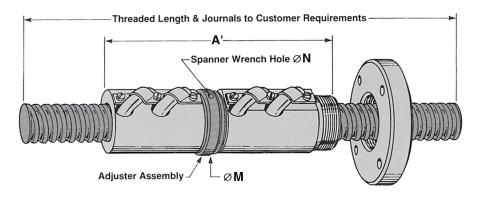
## 1" to 1-1/2" Diameter

#### **Dimensions - Preloaded Nuts**

			Р	reload	led Bal	II Nuts	3				Option	al Ball	Nut Flan	ges
Nut P/N	Nut Type	A' Max	B* Max	C* Max	F* Max	G*† Max	M Max	N Max	H* "V" Threads	Flange Type	l Max	J Max	K1 Hole Dia.	K2 Bolt Circle Dia.
RP1002-2	В	6.64	0.630	1.692	1.12	_	2.070	.266	1 9/16-18 UNEF-2A	1	0.640	3.28	0.281	2.75
RP1105-2	Α	5.50	0.485	1.692	1.22	ı	2.070	.266	1 5/8-20 UN-2A	1	0.495	3.23	0.281	2.702
RP1502-2	Α	12.10	0.755	2.630	1.93	.46	3.114	.437	2.360-18 UNS-2A	1	0.785	4.65	0.531	3.875
RP1501-2	RP1501-2 B 8.16 1.010 2.630 1.96 - 3.114 .437 2 ¼-20 UN-2A											4.97	0.531	4.125

<sup>\*</sup> See drawings on the two previous pages.

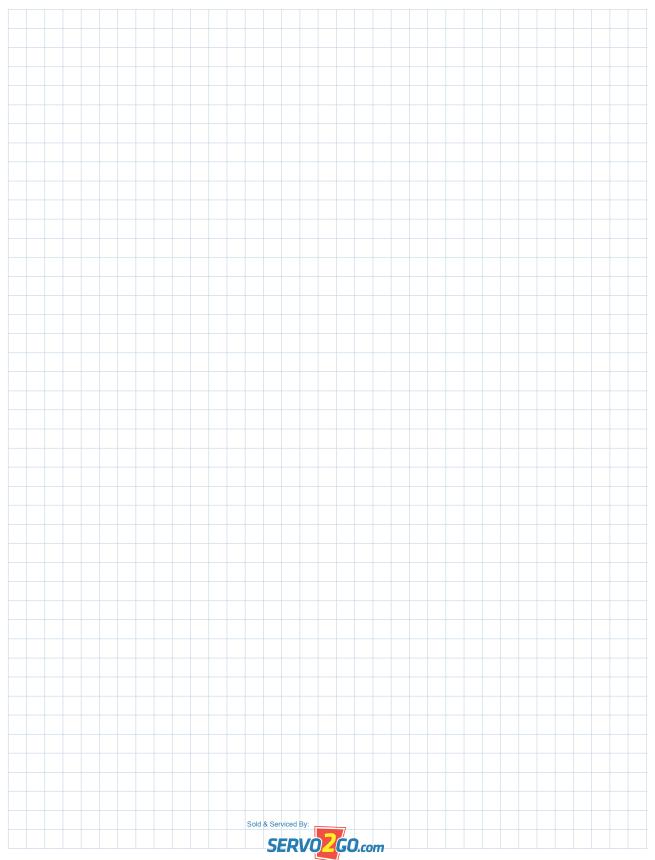




**Preloaded Ball Nut** 



<sup>†</sup> Lube hole is 1/8 -27 NPT tapped hole where offered.





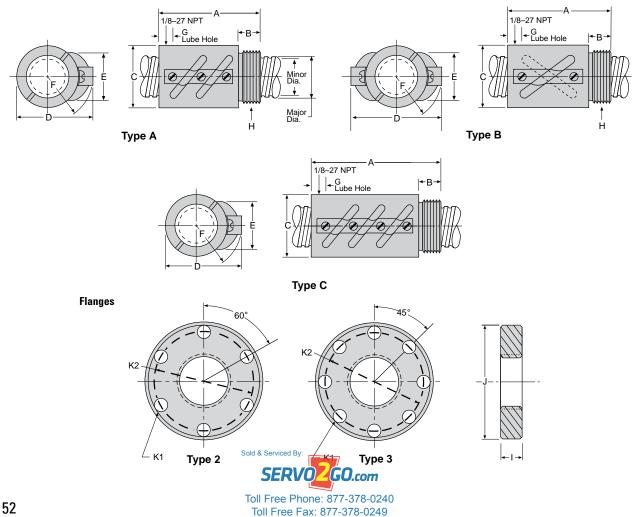
#### 2" to 4" Diameter

#### **Product Specifications**

			Ball	Screws			Standard Ball Nuts						Preloaded Ball Nuts			
Nom. Dia.	Lead (in/ rev)	RH LH	SST	Sug. Support Bearing (p 51)	Nom. Root Dia.	Screw P/N	Nut P/N	Nut type	No. of Cir- cuits	Dynamic Load Rating (lbs)*	Static Load Rating (Ibs)	Tourque to Raise 1lb	Nut P/N	Max. Preload (Ibs)	Static Load Rating (lbs)	
	0.500	R				PR2002	R2002-2	А	2	18,500	143,400	.09 lb-in	RP2002-2	5,245	150,805	
2	0.500	L		35mm	1.723	RL2002	RL2002-2	Α	2	18,500	143,400	ווו-מו פט.	RT2002-2	5,245	150,805	
	1.000	R				PR2001	R2001-2	В	2	21,200	134,500	.18 lb-in	RP2001-2	6,585	148,215	
2 1/4	0.500	R		40mm	1.850	PRX2202†	RX2202-2	Α	2	21,306	142,660	.09 lb-in	1	-	_	
	0.250	R			2.320	PRX74†	RX74-2	С	3	6,315	81,938	.05 lb-in	İ	_	_	
2 ½	0.500	R		_	2.222	PR2502	R2502-2	Α	2	21,200	186,000	.09 lb-in	ı	_	_	
	1.000	R			2.222	PR2501	R2501-2	В	2	27,000	174,000	.18 lb-in	_	_	_	
3	0.660	R		-	2.483	PR3066	R3066-2	С	3	34,200	320,150	.12 lb-in	_	_	_	

All screws come standard in precision grade (0.003 in/ft) Delete the leading P in the screw P/N for standard grade (0.010 in/ft) One-inch nuts come with up to 0.009" backlash. Larger sizes come standard with up to 0.018" backlash. Custom loading is available. For zero backlash select a preloaded assembly.

<sup>†</sup> Offered in 0.004" grade only.



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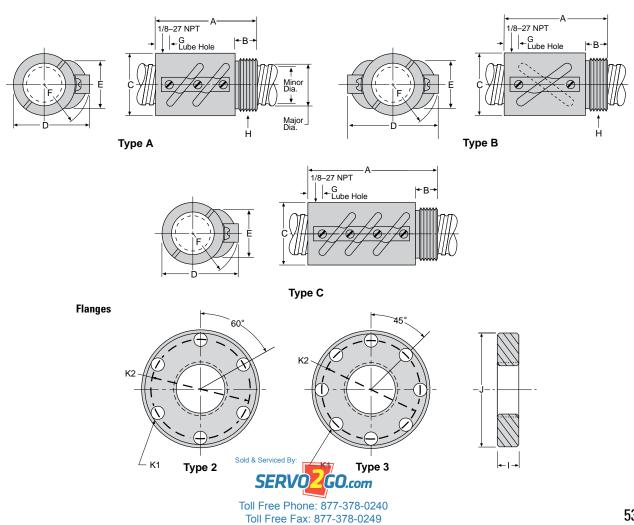
<sup>\*</sup> Dynamic load ratings based on 1,000,000 inches of travel using BSA grease—see page 78.

## 2" to 4" Diameter

#### **Dimensions**

				Standa	ard Ba	II Nuts				Optional Ball Nut Flanges				
Nut P/N	Nut Type	A Max	B Max	C Max	D Max	E Max	F Max	G Max	H "V" Threads	Flange Type	l Max	J Max	K1 Hole Dia.	K2 Bolt Circle Dia.
R2002-2	Α	6.41	1.505	3.255	3.861	2.010	2.27	.50	3-12 UN-2A	3	1.536	5.41	0.656	4.25
RL2002-2	Α	6.41	1.505	3.255	3.861	2.010	2.27	.50	3-12 UN-2A	3	1.536	5.41	0.656	4.25
R2001-2	В	6.41	1.505	3.255	4.460	2.330	2.29	.50	3-12 UN-2A	3	1.536	5.41	0.656	4.25
RX2202-2	А	6.70	1.570	3.380	3.960	2.561	2.48	-	3.137-12 UNS-2A	2	1.587	5.41	0.656	4.25
RX74-2	С	3.76	0.755	3.380	3.725	2.306	2.02	-	3.34-12	2	0.775	5.38	0.656	4.375
R2502-2	А	6.78	1.755	4.005	4.640	2.371	2.77	.50	3 5/8-12 UN-2A	3	1.785	6.03	0.656	5.00
R2501-2	В	6.78	1.755	4.005	5.274	2.381	2.66	.50	3 5/8-12 UN-2A	3	1.785	6.03	0.656	5.00
R3066-2	С	9.35	2.010	4.755	5.486	3.356	3.34	.50	4.325-12 UNS-2A	3	2.025	7.41	0.781	6.25

<sup>\*</sup> Lube hole is 1/8 - 27 NPT tapped hole where offered.



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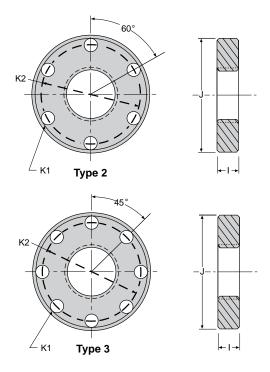


### 2" to 4" Diameter

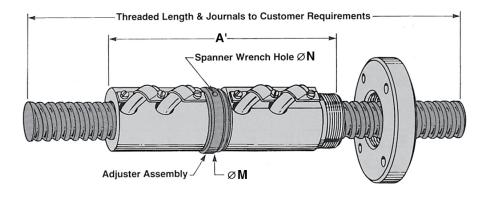
#### **Dimensions - Preloaded Ball Nuts**

	Preloaded Ball Nuts									Optional Ball Nut Flanges				
Nut P/N	Nut P/N  Nut Type  A' Max  B* Max  C* Max  F* Max  G*†  Max  N Max  N Max  H* "V" Threads							Flange Type	l Max	J Max	K1 Hole Dia.	K2 Bolt Circle Dia.		
RP2002-2	А	13.92	1.505	3.255	2.27	.50	3.710	.500	3-12 UN-2A	3	1.536	5.41	0.656	4.25
RT2002-2	А	13.92	1.505	3.255	2.27	.50	3.710	.500	3-12 UN-2A	3	1.536	5.41	0.656	4.25
RP2001-2	В	13.90	1.505	3.255	2.29	.50	3.710	.500	3-12 UN-2A	3	1.536	5.41	0.656	4.25

<sup>\*</sup> See drawings on previous two pages.
† Lube hole is 1/8 -27 NPT tapped hole where offered.



**Flanges** 



#### **Preloaded Ball NutFlanges**



### **Miniature Rolled Ball**

### **Screw Assemblies**

#### **Overview**

- Smooth and efficient
- · Wide selection of leads available
- Small envelope
- Designed for a cost effective solution





## Material

Item	Material	Heat Processing	Hardness		
Screw Shaft	4150 Steel	Induction Hardened	HRC 58-62		
Nut	4150 Steel	Carbuerized	HRC 58-62		

## **Screw Length Availability**

Shaft Diameter	Maximum Length
4 mm	100 mm
5 mm	222 mm
6 mm	265 mm
8 mm	360 mm
10 mm	355 mm
12 mm	395 mm
13 mm	700 mm
14 mm	445 mm

## **Screw Precision and Axial Play**

Screw Diameter	Accuracy	Axial Backlash
4 to 14 mm	C7	20 microns

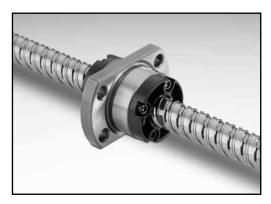
C7 = less than .002"/foot, C10 = less than .009"/foot.

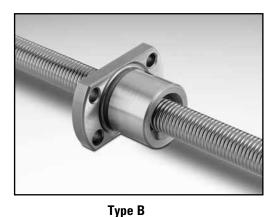




#### Miniature Rolled Ball Screws — Metric Series

4mm to 14mm Diameter, Lead Accuracy: ± 52µm/300mm





Type A

#### Non-Preloaded, Rolled Ball Screw Assemblies

- Cost-effective solution in a small envelope, ideal for use in small spaces
- Clearance held to max .02mm
- Two nut styles (Type A & B) provide optimum performance in low and high lead assemblies

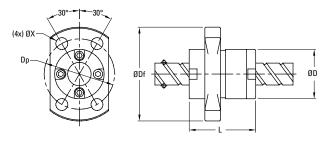
N			D II O				Per	formance D	ata		
Nominal	1 1		Ball Screw	Suggested	Dyna	amic	Sta	atic	Max.		
Diameter	Lead	Nut Type	and Nut	Bearing	Lo	ad	Lo	ad	Axial	Minor	Max.
(size)		,,	Assembly	Size	Capa	Capacity		Capacity		Diameter	Length
(mm)	(mm)		P/N <sup>(1)</sup>	(mm)	(kN)	(lbf)	(kN)	(lbf)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
4	1	В	PRM0401	N/A	0.6	126	0.8	178	0.02	3.3	100
5	4	В	PRM0504	N/A	0.5	106	0.7	162	0.02	4.3	220
6	1	В	PRM0601	4	0.7	153	1.2	270	0.02	5.3	265
6	6	А	PRM0606	4	0.9	196	1.5	326	0.02	5.2	265
8	1	В	PRM0801	6	0.8	175	1.7	371	0.02	7.3	360
8	2	В	PRM0802	6	2.4	540	4.1	922	0.02	6.6	360
8	5	В	PRM0805	6	1.9	416	3.0	674	0.02	6.6	360
8	8	А	PRM0808	6	2.2	495	3.8	854	0.02	6.7	360
8	12	А	PRM0812	6	2.2	495	4.0	899	0.02	6.7	360
10	2	В	PRM1002	6	2.7	607	5.3	1,191	0.02	8.6	355
10	10	А	PRM1010	6	3.3	742	5.9	1,326	0.02	8.4	405
10	15	А	PRM1015	6	3.3	742	6.4	1,439	0.02	8.4	405
10	20	А	PRM1020	6	2.1	472	4.0	899	0.02	8.7	405
12	2	В	PRM1202	8	3.0	674	6.4	1,439	0.02	10.6	395
13	12	А	PRM1312	8	5.0	1,124	9.9	2,226	0.02	11.0	700
13	20	А	PRM1320	8	5.0	1,124	10.7	2,405	0.02	11.0	700
14	2	В	PRM1402	8	3.2	719	7.5	1,686	0.02	12.6	445
14	4	В	PRM1404	8	5.7	1,281	11.6	2,608	0.02	11.8	445

(1) All Miniature Rolled product is sold in matched sets as ball screw and nut assemblies. Please contact factory for sizes not listed.

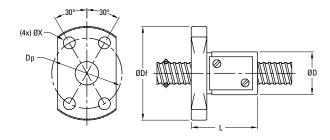


## Miniature Rolled Ball Screws — Metric Series

Type A — End Cap Design



Type B — Return Plate Design



						Nut	Specificati	ons			
Nominal Diameter (size)	Lead	Nut Type	Outside Diameter D	Flange Outside Diameter Df	Overall Length L	Body Length L1	Flange Width F	Flange Flat Width V	Bolt Circle Diameter Dp	Mounting Hole Diameter X	Ball Diameter
(mm)	(mm)		(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
4	1	В	11.0	24.0	17.0	13.0	4.0	15.0	18.0	3.4	0.80
5	4	В	12.0	24.0	22.0	18.0	4.0	16.0	18.0	3.4	0.80
6	1	В	13.0	26.0	17.0	13.0	4.0	16.0	20.0	3.4	0.80
6	6	А	14.0	27.0	17.0	8.0	4.0	16.0	21.0	3.4	1.00
8	1	В	16.0	29.0	17.0	13.0	4.0	18.0	23.0	3.4	0.80
8	2	В	20.0	37.0	24.0	19.0	5.0	22.0	29.0	4.5	1.59
8	5	В	18.0	31.0	28.0	24.0	4.0	20.0	25.0	3.4	1.59
8	8	А	18.0	31.0	20.0	10.0	4.0	20.0	25.0	3.4	1.59
8	12	Α	18.0	31.0	27.0	17.0	4.0	20.0	25.0	3.4	1.59
10	2	В	23.0	40.0	24.0	19.0	5.0	25.0	32.0	4.5	1.59
10	10	А	23.0	40.0	24.0	13.0	5.0	25.0	32.0	4.5	2.00
10	15	А	23.0	40.0	33.0	22.0	5.0	25.0	32.0	4.5	2.00
10	20	А	20.0	37.0	23.0	13.0	5.0	22.0	29.0	4.5	1.59
12	2	В	25.0	42.0	24.0	19.0	5.0	27.0	34.0	4.5	1.59
13	12	А	28.0	45.0	30.0	17.0	5.0	30.0	37.0	4.5	2.38
13	20	А	28.0	45.0	43.0	29.0	5.0	30.0	37.0	4.5	2.38
14	2	В	26.0	45.0	25.0	19.0	6.0	28.0	36.0	5.5	1.59
14	4	В	30.0	49.0	33.0	27.0	6.0	32.0	40.0	5.5	2.38



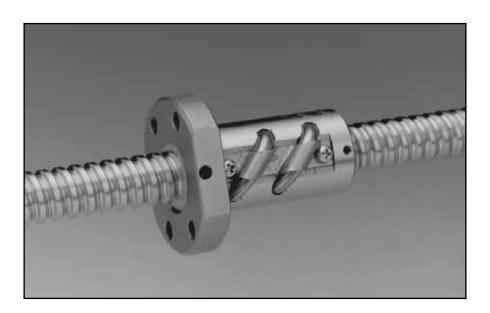


#### **Precision Ground Ball**

#### **Screw Assemblies**

#### **Overview**

- Finest Ball Screw Assemblies Available
- Lead Accuracy of .0005"/ft. or better
- Zero Backlash Preloaded Ball Nuts
- Extremely Smooth Operation
- High Axial Stiffness
- Integral Wipers



Ground Ball Screw Assemblies are your answer to the most rigorous positioning requirements.

With lead accuracies below 0.0005"/ft and repeatability in the microns, our ground assemblies offer a no compromise solution for your application. These units come in a wide variety of diameters and leads (up to 50mm).



## **Precision Ground Ball**

## **Screw Availability**

## **Availability Table** — **Metric Leads**

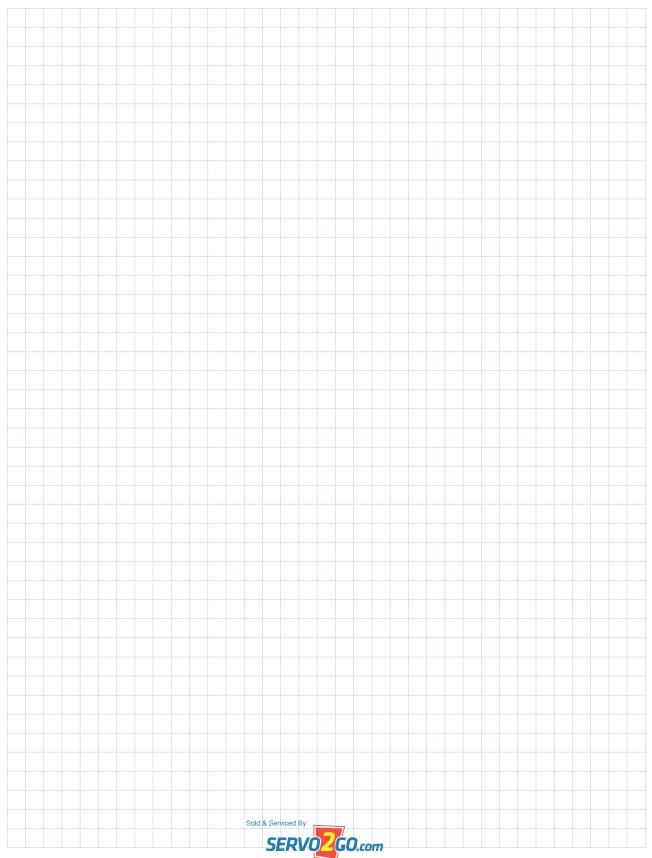
Screw								Lead	(mm)							
Shaft Diameter (mm)	1	1.5	2	2.5	4	5	6	8	10	12	16	20	25	32	40	50
4	•															
6	•															
8	•	•	•													
10			•	•	•											
12			•	•		•			•							
14						•		•								
15									•			•				
16			•	•		•					•			•		
20					•	•			•			•			•	
25					•	•	•		•			•	•			•
28						•	•									
32						•	•	•	•				•	•		
36									•							
40						•		•	•	•						
45									•							
50									•							

## ${\bf Availability\ Table -- Inch\ Leads}$

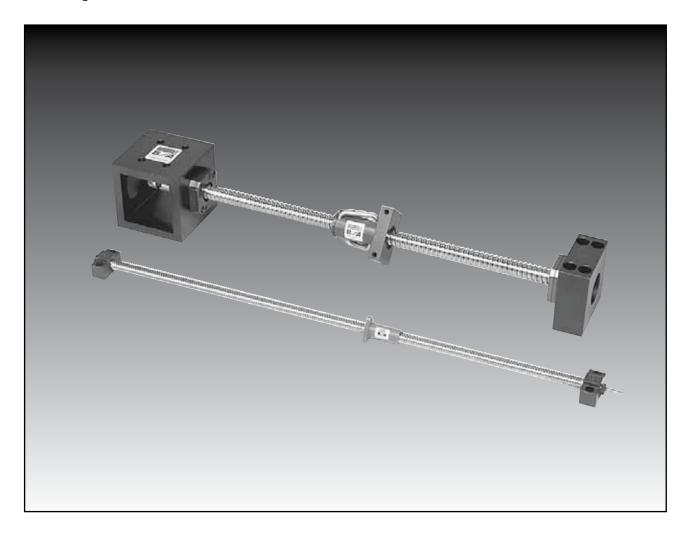
Shaft O.D. lead	.472" (12mm)	.630" (16mm)	.784" (20mm)	.787" (20mm)	.984" (25mm)	1.260" (25mm)	1.496" (38mm)	1.732" (44mm)	1.969" (50mm)
.200	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
.250					•	•	•	•	•
.500		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
1.00					•	•	•		







## **Complete Screw Assemblies**



## **Table of Contents**

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Screw Assemblies w/ Bearing Mounts	67





## **How to Pick Your Assembly**



Our Drive Assembly units allow for a drop-in solution with Ball Screws and Actuators' quality components. Available in most screw sizes, both ACME and Ball threads, our Drive Assemblies free designers to concentrate on larger design issues. Our standard Drive Assemblies can be assembled and shipped quickly, providing the right solution when you need it.

- Step 1. Select your screw-nut combination depending on load, cost, speed, stroke, backlash, accuracy and environmental constraints. Use critical speed and column loading charts as general guides (pages 84 to 86). Note allowable bearing sizes for your screw-nut selection before returning to this section.
- **Step 2.** Determine end configuration due to load, length and rotational velocity. Refer to critical speed and column loading charts as required (pages 84 to 86). We offer fixed-fixed, fixed-simple and fixed free bearing arrangements.
- Step 3. Noting allowable bearing size, turn to correct NEMA motor size page for assembly dimensions.
- Step 4. Add Nut Part Number with Stroke to Drive Assembly Part Number

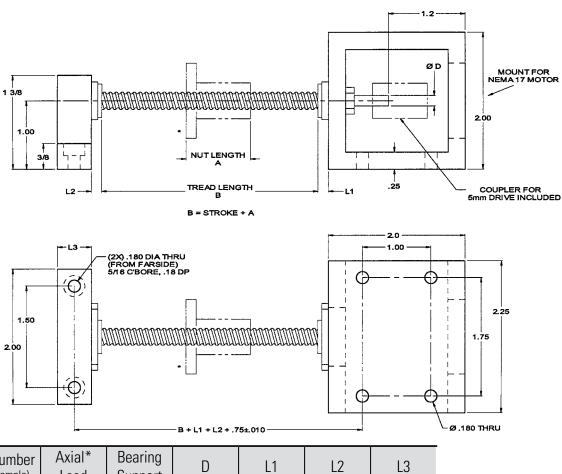
## (EXAMPLE)





#### **NEMA 17 Motor Mounts**

## For 1/4" to 3/8" Ball & Lead Screws and 6mm to 10mm Ball and Lead Screws



Part Number (See Example)	Axial* Load	Bearing Support	D	L1	L2	L3
M17F4			3mm	.155	.155	.50
M17S4	50 lbs	4mm	3mm	.155	_	.50
M17E4			3mm	.155	_	_

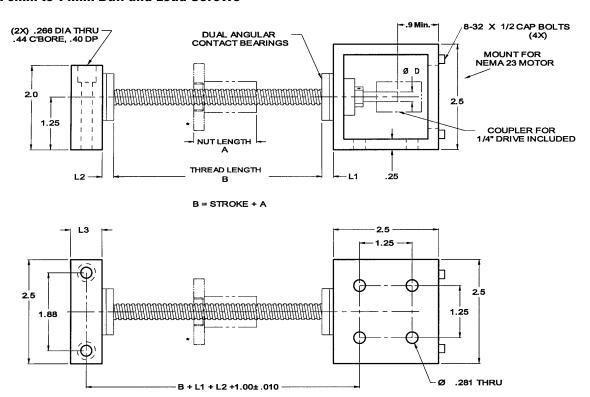
<sup>\*</sup> Maximum assembly thrust load, Do Not Exceed. Do not exceed dynamic load rating of the lead nut.





#### **NEMA 23 Motor Mounts**

## For 3/8" to 5/8" Ball & Lead Screws and 6mm to 14mm Ball and Lead Screws



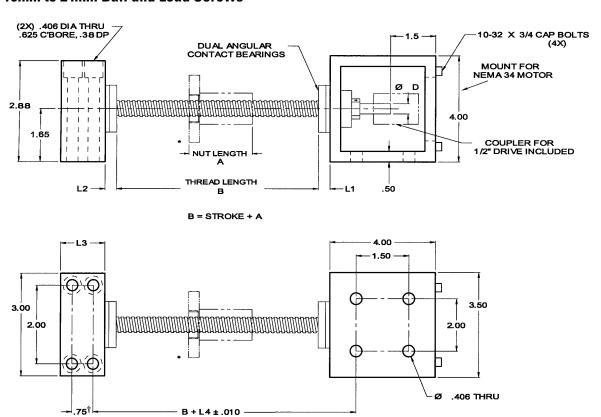
Part Number (See Example)	Axial* Load	Bearing Sup- port	D	L1	L2	L3
M23F4			3mm	.155	.155	.75
M23S4	50 lbs	4mm	3mm	.155	ı	.75
M23E4			3mm	.155	_	_
M23F6			.187	.275	.275	.75
M23S6	230 lbs	6mm	.187	.275	1	.75
M23E6			.187	.275	1	_
M23F8			.250	.354	.354	.75
M23S8	326 lbs	8mm	250	.354	_	.75
M23E8			250	.354		_

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum assembly thrust load, Do Not Exceed. Do not exceed dynamic load rating of the lead nut.



#### **NEMA 34 Motor Mounts**

## For 3/4" to 1" Ball & Lead Screws and 16mm to 24mm Ball and Lead Screws



Part Number (See Example)	Axial* Load	Bearing Support	D	L1	L2	L3	L4
M34F12			.375	.395	.395	1.50	2.42
M34S12	680 lbs	12mm	.375	.395	_	1.00	2.15
M34E12			.375	.395	_	-	_

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum assembly thrust load, Do Not Exceed. Do not exceed dynamic load rating of the lead nut.

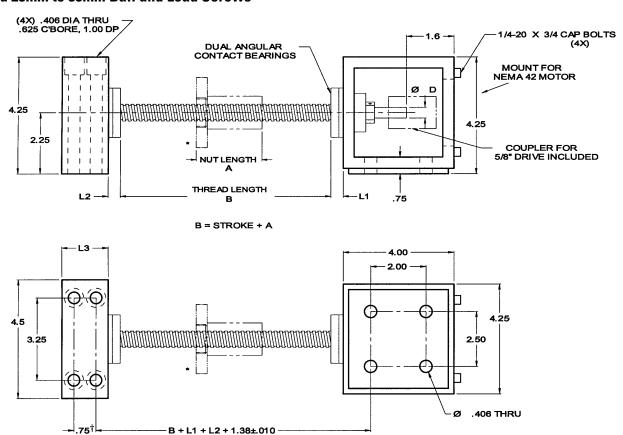


<sup>†</sup> M34F12 only. M34S12 has two mounting holes centered on L3.



#### **NEMA 42 Motor Mounts**

## For 1" to 1-1/2" Ball & Leadand Screws and 25mm to 38mm Ball and Lead Screws



Part Number (See Example)	Axial* Load	Bearing Support	D	L1	L2	L3
M42F20			.500	.869	.869	1.50
M42S20	1,850 lbs	20mm	.500	.869	_	.75
M42E20			.500	.869	_	_

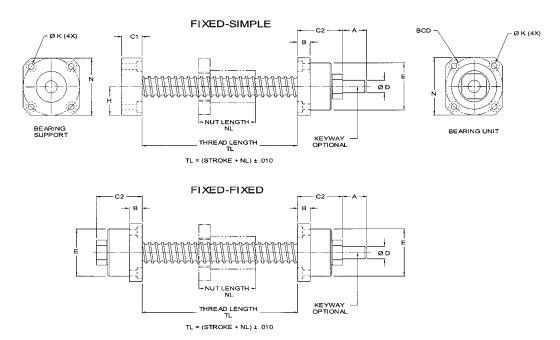
<sup>\*</sup> Maximum assembly thrust load, Do Not Exceed. Do Not Exceed.Do not exceed dynamic load rating of the lead nut.

<sup>†</sup> M42F20 only. M42S20 has two mounting holes centered on L3.



## **Bearing Mounts**

### **Flange Mount**



Assembly No.	Axial Load*	А	В	C1	C2	D ± .000 .001	Е	BCD	K	Н	N
B6EF				_					0.114 thru		
B6ES	230 lbs	.63	.28	.37	1.04	.187	.866	1.10	.22 cbore	.55	1.10
B6EE				-					.14 deep		
B8EF				_					0.134 thru		
B8ES	326 lbs	.63	.35	.50	1.22	.250	1.102	1.38	.26 cbore	.69	1.38
B8EE				1					.16 deep		
B12EF				_					0.177 thru		
B12ES	680 lbs	.75	.40	.62	1.40	.375	1.417	1.73	.32 cbore	.67	1.73
B12EE				ı					.16 deep		
B15EF				ı					0.216 thru		
B15ES	760 lbs	.75	.59	.62	1.82	.500	1.575	1.97	.37 cbore	1.02	2.05
B15EE				ı					.24 deep		
B20EF				_					0.260 thru		
B20ES	1,852 lbs	1.00	.87	1.00	2.61	.625	2.244	2.76	.43 cbore	1.34	2.67
B20EE				_					.39 deep		

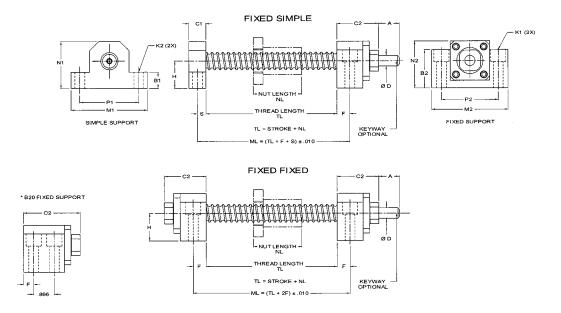
<sup>\*</sup> Maximum assembly thrust load, Do Not Exceed. Do not exceed the dynamic load rating of the lead nut





## **Bearing Mounts**

#### **Base Mount †**



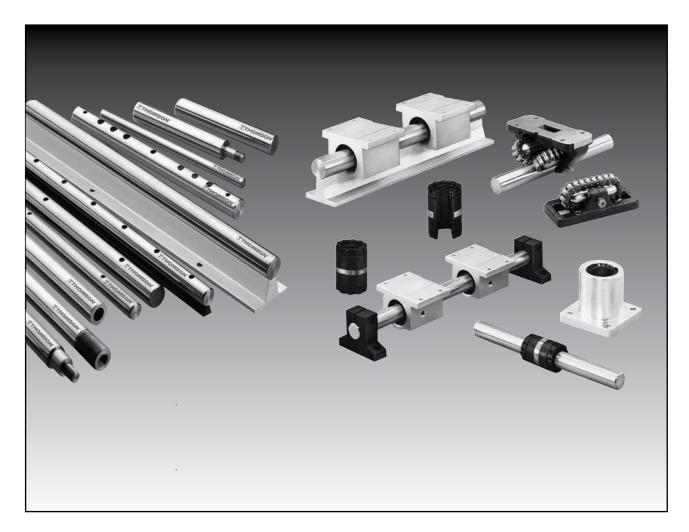
Assembly No.	Axial Load*	F	S	А	C1	C2	D ± .000 .001	Н	K1	K2	M1	M2	N1	N2	P1	P2	B1	B2
B6BF			_		_				0.216 thru		_		_				_	,
B6BS	230 lbs	.40	.19	.63	.37	1.00	.187	.512	.37 cbore .43 deep	0.22 thru	1.66	1.66	.95	.98	1.26	1.18	.39	.78
B6BE			_		ı				.43 исер	_	ı	İ	ı		_		_	
B8BF			_		_				0.260 thru	_	_		_		_		_	
B8BS	326 lbs	.45	.25	.63	.50	1.18	.250	.669	.43 cbore .47 deep	0.26 thru	2.01	2.05	1.18	1.26	1.50	1.50	.51	1.02
B8BE			_		_				.47 ueep	_	_		_		_		_	
B12BF			-		-				0.054.4	-	-		-		-		1	
B12BS	680 lbs	.47	.31	.75	.62	1.40	.375	.984	0.354 thru .55 cbore .43 deep	0.35 thru	2.76	2.76	1.69	1.70	2.13	2.05	.60	1.38
B12BE			_		_				.43 ueep	_	_		-		_		_	
B15BF			-		-				0.400 45	-	-		-		-		-	
B15BS	760 lbs	.49	.31	.75	.62	1.67	.500	1.181	0.433 thru .67 cbore .59 deep	0.35 thru	3.15	3.15	2.00	1.97	2.44	2.36	.71	1.58
B15BE			_		_				.oo deep	_	_		_		_		_	
B20BF			_		_				0.400 +1	_	_		_		_		_	
B20BS	1,852 lbs	.39	.50	1.00	1.00	2.44	.625	1.181	0.433 thru .67 cbore .59 deep	0.43 thru	3.74	3.74	2.44	2.28	3.07	2.95	.79	1.77
B20BE			_		_				.Ja deep	_	_		_		_		_	

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\dagger}}$  Note flange radius. Some flanges may interfere with the mounting surface.

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum assembly load. Do not exceed the dynamic load rating of the lead nut.



## **Rails & Bearings**



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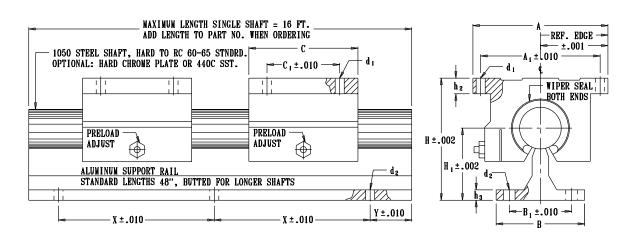


## Round Rail — Full Support

# Linear Bearing Assembly with 2 LSOH Series Bearing Units

- Will accept 1° misalignment
- · Quiet running high load capacity
- Adjustable preload
- Assemblies come standard with seals at each end of bearing unit.
- Butted supports may have a gap of up to .2" between sections.





	Assembly		Dimensions in Inches													Dynamic
Ref. Shaft Dia. Add Length in Inches	Part No.	Height	Center	Width	Length		Bearing	Support Rail Mounting						Load Rating		
	_	Н	H1	А	С	A1	C1	D1	H2	В	B1	D2	НЗ	Х	Υ	lbs. 1
1/2"	AD050-	1.812	1.125	2.000	1.500	1.688	1.000	.156	.250	1.50	1.000	.169	.188	4.00	2.00	230
5/8"	AD062-	2.000	1.125	2.500	1.750	2.125	1.130	.188	.281	1.63	1.125	.193	.250	4.00	2.00	320
3/4"	AD075-	2.437	1.500	2.750	1.875	2.375	1.250	.188	.315	1.75	1.250	.221	.250	6.00	3.00	470
1"	AD0100-	2.937	1.750	3.250	2.625	2.875	1.750	.218	.375	2.13	1.500	.281	.250	6.00	3.00	780
1-1/4"	AD0125-	3.625	2.125	4.000	3.375	3.500	2.000	.218	.437	2.50	1.875	.343	.313	6.00	3.00	1170
1-1/2"	AD0150-	4.250	2.500	4.750	3.750	4.125	2.500	.281	.500	3.00	2.250	.343	.375	8.00	4.00	1560

1. The dynamic load rating is based on a travel life expectancy of 2 million inches using a ground shaft with a minimum of RC 58 hardness. Load rating listed per bearing. Loads away from shaft support are derated 50%. Loads on single bearing unit are half of rate shown.

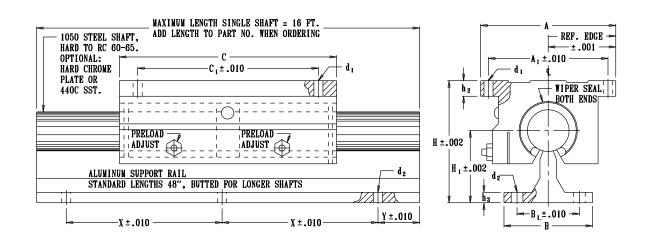


## Round Rail — Full Support

# Tandem Linear Bearing Assembly with LTO Series Tandem Bearing Units

- Will accept 1° misalignment
- Quiet running high load capacity
- · Adjustable preload
- Assemblies come standard with seals at each end of bearing unit.
- Butted supports may have a gap of up to .2" between sections.





	Assembly		Dimensions in Inches													Dynamic
Shaft Add L	Part No. Add Length	Height	Center	Width	Length		Bearing	Support Rail Mounting						Load Rating		
	in Inches	Н	H1	А	С	A1	C1	D1	H2	В	B1	D2	НЗ	Х	Υ	lbs. 1
1/2"	AT050-	1.812	1.125	2.000	3.50	1.688	2.50	.156	.250	1.50	1.000	.169	.188	4.00	2.00	460
5/8"	AT062-	2.000	1.125	2.500	4.00	2.125	3.00	.188	.281	1.63	1.125	.193	.250	4.00	2.00	640
3/4"	AT075-	2.437	1.500	2.750	4.50	2.375	3.50	.188	.315	1.75	1.250	.221	.250	6.00	3.00	940
1"	AT0100-	2.937	1.750	3.250	6.00	2.875	4.50	.218	.375	2.13	1.500	.281	.250	6.00	3.00	1560
1-1/4"	AT0125-	3.625	2.125	4.000	7.50	3.500	5.50	.218	.437	2.50	1.875	.343	.313	6.00	3.00	2340
1-1/2"	AT0150-	4.250	2.500	4.750	9.00	4.125	6.50	.281	.500	3.00	2.250	.343	.375	8.00	4.00	3120

1. The dynamic load rating is based on a travel life expectancy of 2 million inches using a ground shaft with a minimum of RC 58 hardness. Loads away from shaft support are derated 50%. Loads on single bearing unit are half of rate shown.

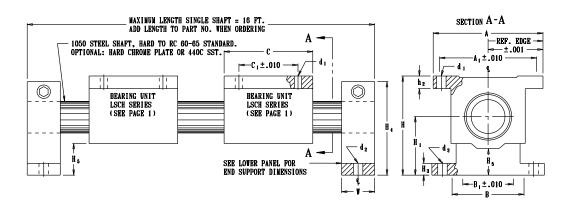




## Round Rail — End Support

# Linear Bearing Assembly with 2 LSCH Series Bearing Units





D-f	Assembly				Dimen	sions in In	ches					Dynamic
Ref. Shaft Dia.	Part No. Add Length	Height	Center								Ref. Shaft Supports Part No.	Load Rating
Dia.	in Inches	H+001	H1	А	С	H5	A1+001	C1+001	d1	h2		lbs.1
1/4"	AED025-	1.125	.6875	1.625	1.188	.312	1.312	0.750	.156	.188	ES025	60
3/8"	AED037-	1.250	.7500	1.750	1.313	.312	1.437	0.875	.156	.188	ES037	100
1/2"	AED050-	1.687	1.000	2.000	1.688	.437	1.688	1.000	.156	.250	ES050	255
5/8"	AED062-	1.875	1.000	2.500	1.938	.250	2.125	1.125	.188	.281	ES062	450
3/4"	AED075-	2.187	1.250	2.750	2.063	.437	2.375	1.250	.188	.313	ES075	600
1"	AED100-	2.687	1.500	3.250	2.813	.500	2.875	1.750	.219	.375	ES100	1050
1-1/4"	AED125-	3.250	1.750	4.000	3.625	.437	3.500	2.000	.219	.438	ES125	1500
1-1/2"	AED150-	3.750	2.000	4.750	4.000	.500	4.125	2.500	.281	.500	ES150	2000
2"	AED200-	4.625	2.500	6.000	5.000	.562	5.250	3.250	.406	.625	ES200	3000

<sup>1.</sup> The dynamic load rating is based on a travel life expectancy of 2 million inches using a ground shaft with a minimum of RC 58 hardness. Load rating listed per bearing. Loads on single bearing unit are half of rate shown.

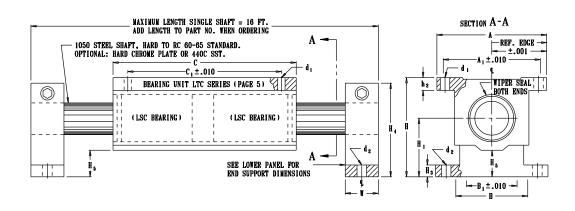


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## Round Rail — End Support

# Linear Bearing Assembly with LTC Series Tandem Bearing Unit

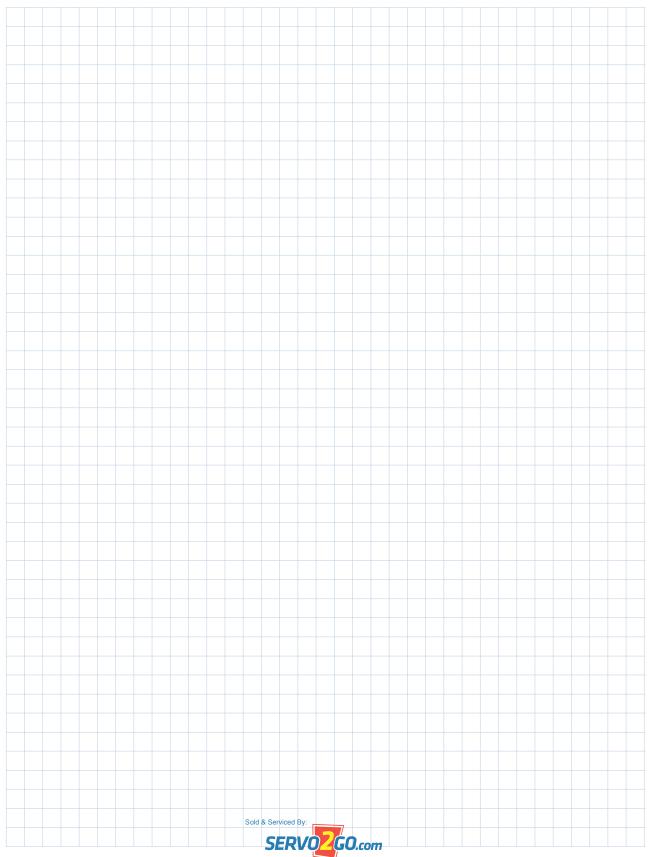




Ref.	Assembly Dimensions in Inches							D ( 0) (	Dynamic			
Shaft Dia.	Part No. Add Length	Height	Center	Width	Length	Clearance	В	earing Unit N	Mount		Ref. Shaft Supports Part No.	Load Rating
Dia.	in Inches	Н	H1	А	С	H5	A1	C1	d1	h2		lbs.1
1/4"	AET025-	1.125	.6875	1.625	2.50	.312	1.312	2.000	.156	.188	ES025	120
3/8"	AET037-	1.250	0.750	1.750	2.75	.312	1.437	2.250	.156	.188	ES037	200
1/2"	AET050-	1.687	1.000	2.000	3.50	.437	1.688	2.500	.156	.250	ES050	510
5/8"	AET062-	1.875	1.000	2.500	4.00	.250	2.125	3.000	.188	.281	ES062	900
3/4"	AET075-	2.187	1.250	2.750	4.50	.437	2.375	3.500	.188	.313	ES075	1200
1"	AET100-	2.687	1.500	3.250	6.00	.500	2.875	4.500	.219	.375	ES100	2100
1-1/4"	AET125-	3.250	1.750	4.000	7.50	.437	3.500	5.500	.219	.438	ES125	3000
1-1/2"	AET150-	3.750	2.000	4.750	9.00	.500	4.125	6.500	.281	.500	ES150	4000

<sup>1.</sup> The dynamic load rating is based on a travel life expectancy of 2 million inches using a ground shaft with a minimum of RC 58 hardness.





# **Accessories**



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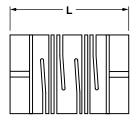


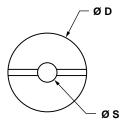


## **Couplings Flex Type**

## Flexible-Zero Backlash Stainless Steel & Aluminum

- Ideal for Lead Screw Applications
- · Misalignment Capability
- · Withstands Hostile Environments and Temperatures
- Zero Backlash
- Torsionally Rigid
- One Piece Construction
- Allows for Near Butting of Shafts
- · Constant Velocity
- No Lubrication Required
- Aircraft Grade Stainless & Aluminum





Part Numbers	S Bore ± .002	L Length ± 1/64	D Diameter ± 1/64	Maximum Torque Inch Ibs.
AC18	.188	1-1/4	3/4	3.5
SC18	.188	.90	3/4	4.9
AC25	250	1-1/2	1.0	7.8
SC25	.250	1-1/4	1.0	13
AC31	212	1-1/2	1.0	7.3
SC31	.313	1-1/4	1.0	12
AC37	.375	1-3/4	1 1/4	14
SC37	.3/5	2-3/8	1-1/4	27
AC50	.500	2-1/4	1 1/2	29
SC50	.500	2-5/8	1-1/2	50
AC62	COE	2-1/2	2.0	54
SC62*	.625	3.0	Z.U	96
AC75	.750	2-1/2	2.0	48
SC75*	./50	3.0	Z.U	84

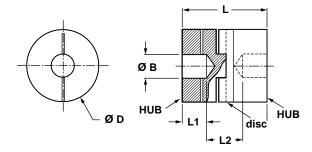
<sup>•</sup> AC Part No's. are made of 7075-T6 Aluminum, Anodized AC Parts will accept 3° angular and .010" parallel offset misalignment.



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<sup>•</sup> SC Part No's. are made of 17-4 Cres Stainless Steel. SC parts will accept 5° angular and .010" parallel offset misalignment.

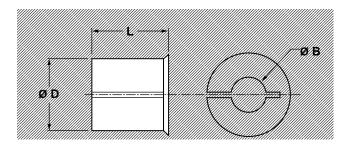
## **Three Piece Type Couplers**



Part Number	Bore	0.D.	L	L1	L2	Use With Disk
HUB1875	0.188	0.75	1.02	0.37	0.28	
HUB2575	0.250	0.75	1.02	0.37	0.28	DISK75
HUB0575	0.197 (5mm)	0.75	1.02	0.37	0.28	
HUB25100	0.250	1.00	1.28	0.46	0.36	DICK100
HUB37100	0.375	1.00	1.28	0.46	0.36	DISK100
HUB37131	0.375	1.31	1.89	0.59	0.71	DISK131
HUB50131	0.500	1.31	1.89	0.59	0.71	Поктот
HUB37163	0.375	1.63	2.00	0.70	0.60	
HUB50163	0.500	1.63	2.00	0.70	0.60	DISK163
HUB62163	0.625	1.63	2.00	0.70	0.60	

Ordering Instructions: Specify any two "Hubs" with the same 0.D. and one matching DISK. For example: HUB25100, HUB37100, DISK100  $\,$ 

## **Bore Adaptors**



Part Number	Bore	0.D.	L
ADP0305	0.118 (3mm)	0.197 (5mm)	0.17
ADP1825	0.1875	0.250	0.26





## Grease

#### **Overview**

We offer a full compliment of lubricants including our low vapor pressure greases for clean room and vacuum applications. The TriGel line is specifically formulated to offer a lubrication solution for a wide range of linear motion applications. Choose the appropriate gel for your requirements and get the utmost performance out of your BSA products.



## **Lubrication Selection Chart for Ball & Lead Screw Assemblies**

BSA Gel Type	TriGel-300S	TriGel-450R	TriGel-600SM	TriGel-1200SC	TriGel-1800RC
Application	Acme Screws, Supernuts, Plastic Nuts	Ball Screws, Linear Bearings	Bronze Nuts	Acme Plastic Nuts, Clean Room, High Vacuum	Ball Screws, Linear Bear- ings, Bronze Nuts, Clean Room, Vacuum
Maximum Temperature	200°C (392°F)	125°C (257°F)	125°C (257°F)	250°C (482°F)	125°C (257°F)
Mechanism Materials	Plastic on Plastic or Metal	Metal on Metal	Metal on Metal Bronze on Steel	Plastics or Metals, any Combination	Metal on Metal
Mechanical Load	Light	Moderate	Moderate to Heavy	Light to Moderate	Moderate
Precision Positioning	Not recommended w/o OEM testing	Not recommended w/o OEM testing	Not recommended w/o OEM testing	Usually OK	Usually OK
Very Low Torque Variation Over Temperature	Yes	-	-	Yes	-
Very Low Starting Torque	Yes	Yes	-	Yes	Yes
Compatibility w/Reactive Chemicals	Not recommended w/o OEM testing	Not recommended w/o OEM testing	Not recommended w/o OEM testing	Usually OK	Not recommended w/o OEM testing
Compatibility w/Plastics and Elastomers	May cause silicone rub- ber seals to swell	May cause EPDM seals to swell	May cause EPDM seals to swell	Usually OK	May cause EPDM seals to swell
Clean Room Use	Not recommended	Not recommended	Not recommended	Usually OK	Usually OK
High Vacuum use	Not recommended	Not recommended	Not recommended	Usually OK	Usually OK
Vapor Pressuer (25°C)	Varies with lot	Varies with lot	Varies with lot	8 x 10-9 torr	4 x 10-9 torr
Lubricant Price 10cc Syringe** 1 Pound Tube	√ √	√ √	4 oz tube	√ NA	√ NA

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum temperature for continuous exposure. Higher surge temperatures may be permissible but should be validated in the actual end use by the OEM. Low temperature limits are -15°C or lower. Consult BSA for specifics.



## Formulated for plastic on metal lead screw applications



PTFE coating is a dry film which creates a lubrication barrier between a metal substrate and a polymer bushing or lead nut. It can in some cases eliminate the need for an additional gel type lubricant which must be re-applied. It is well suited for use with our SuperNut line of plastic nuts and stainless steel lead screws. Lubrication maintenance intervals can be eliminated and the coating does not attract particulate like a gel lubricant. Gel lubricants can provide lower friction coefficients than dry film lubricants but must be maintained to prevent performance degradation. PTFE coating provides an attractive and clean\* alternative to gels and oils.

#### **Typical Properties**

Type <sup>:</sup>	Bonded Solid Film Lubricant
Purpose:	Increased Lubricity, Decreased Friction & Wear
Appearance:	Black Coating
Thickness:	Approx. 13 – 25 micron
Active Lubricant:	Polytetrafluroethylene
Friction Coefficient:	0,06 to 0,12
Temperature Operating Range:	-250° to 290° C
Resistance to Acids:	Excellent
Resistance to Bases:	Very Good
Resistance to Solvents:	Excellent

<sup>\*</sup>Some particulate will be generated as a result of wear between nut and screw. Screw may begin to show signs of "polishing" over time. This does not necessarily indicate failure.





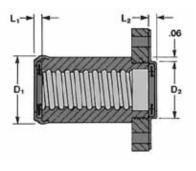
## **Wiper Kits**

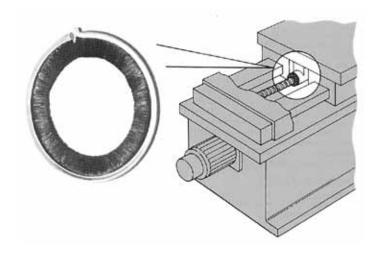
#### **Overview**

Brush type wiper kits maximize ball bearing screw performance by helping to spread lubricant over the length of the screw and preventing internal ball nut contamination from foreign materials. Wiper kits are optional on models R-0308 through R-1504, and standard on models R-1502 through R-3066. Optional and standard wiper kits are also available for comparable zero backlash/preload ball nut assemblies. For heavily contaminated environments, BSA recommends the use of metal shields, bellows type enclosures or extensions in conjunction with brush wipers for maximum protection.

#### Type A

For these ball bearing screw sizes, end caps attached to the ball nut and flange hold the wipers in position. The Type A wiper kit includes a flange end cap. If the application does not use a flange, discard the flange end cap and epoxy the wiper to the end of the ball nut.





Model+	D1 Max.	D2 Max.	L1 Max.	L2 Max.	Wiper Part Number
R-0308	.838	.880	.139	.148	8103-101-002
RC0308	.838	.880	.139	.148	8103-101-002
R-0505	1.122	1.138	.139	.148	8105-101-002
R-0502	1.122	1.138	.139	.148	8105-101-002
RS0502	1.122	1.138	.139	.148	8105-101-002
RC0605	1.177	1.060	.139	.148	8106-101-002
RK0605	1.177	1.060	.139	.148	8106-101-002
R-0705	1.382	1.230	.158	.148	8107-101-002
R-0702	1.382	1.230	.158	.148	8107-101-002
RC0705	1.382	1.230	.158	.148	8107-101-002
RS0702	1.382	1.230	.158	.148	8107-101-002
R-1001	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
R-1004	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
R-1002	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
RC1004	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
RK1004	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
RL1004	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
RS1001	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8110-101-002
R-1105	1.763	1.610	.158	.148	8111-101-002
R-1504	2.163	2.050	.158	.148	8115-101-006

<sup>†</sup> Not for use with some ball nuts.

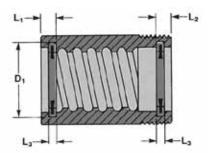


## **Wiper Kits**

## **Bearing Mounts**

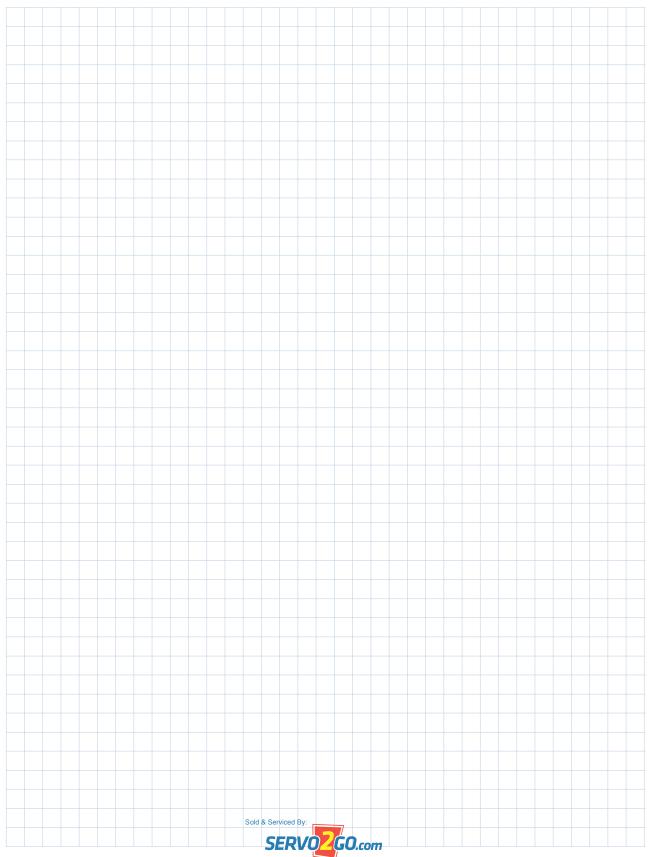
## Type B

For these models, easy-to-install snap-in wiper kits prevent internal ball nut contamination which decreases performance and dynamic life ratings.



Model	D1	L1	L2	L3	Wiper Part
Model	Nom.	Nom.	Nom.	Nom.	Number
R-1501*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
RH1501*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
R-1520*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
RH1520*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
R-1547*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
R-1502*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
RL1502*	2.096	.200	.190	.130	8115-101-004
R-2002*	2.600	.250	.190	.130	8120-101-002
RL2002*	2.600	.250	.190	.130	8120-101-002
R-2001*	2.600	.250	.190	.130	8120-101-002
R-2202*	2.793	.220	.190	.130	8122-101-002
R-2502*	3.126	.250	.190	.130	8125-101-002
R-2501*	3.126	.250	.190	.130	8125-101-002
R-3066	3.762	.250	.190	.130	8130-101-002

<sup>\*</sup> wiper kit standard with ball nut



# **Glossary/Technical Data**

## **Table of Contents**

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Critical Speed Limits Chart	84
Load Life Relationship Column Loading Capacities	85
Column Loading Capacities Chart	86
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Design Considerations	90
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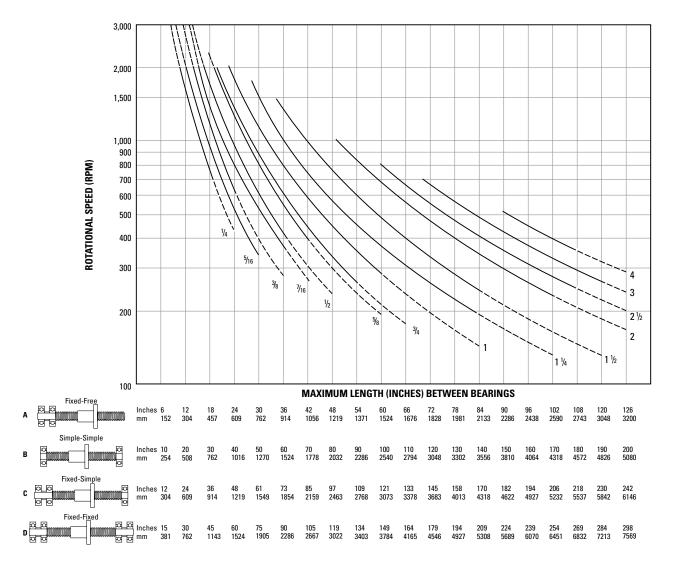
## **Engineering Guidelines for Ball and Lead Screws**

## Critical Speed Limits Chart for Lead Screws and Rolled Ball Screws

Every screw shaft has a rotational speed limit. That is the point at which the rotational speed sets up excessive vibration. This critical point is modified by the type of end bearing support used.

To use this chart, determine the required rpm and the maximum length between bearing supports. Next, select one of the four types of end support shown below. The critical speed limit can be found by locating the point at which rpm (horizontal lines) intersects with the unsupported screw length (vertical lines) as modified by the type of supports selected below. We recommend operating at no more than 80% of the critical speed limit to allow for misalignment and/or lack of screw straightness. If speed falls into dotted line, consult factory.

Warning: Curves for the screw diameters shown are based on the smallest root (minor) diameter of the standard screws within the nominal size range and truncated at the maximum ball nut rotational speed. DO NOT EXCEED this rpm regardless of screw length.





## **Load Life Relationship**

## **Column Loading Capacities**

#### For Ball Screws

Ball screws are rated for 1,000,000 inches of travel at the rated dynamic load. This is the load at which 90% of a group of identical ball screws will run without flaking for their lifetime. However, they will travel farther than this at lower limits. These load-life relationships are analogous to the B10 rating common in the ball bearing industry. The relationship of load to life is an inverse cube relation. For example, reducing the load by 1/2 increases life eight times. Doubling the load decreases life by 1/8. Every attempt should be made to design for loads that do not exceed the dynamic load rating of the nut.† Never exceed twice the rated dynamic load rating of the nut while in motion.

To use the load/life equation, look up the rated dynamic load for the assembly you are interested in. Use a diagram load that covers your typical worst case loading and compute the predicted theoretical design life as follows:

$$L = (\frac{Fr}{D \cdot f_w})^3 \times 1 \times 10^6$$

L = life in inches

D = Design Load

Fr = Dynamic Load Rating

f<sub>w</sub>= 1.2–1.5 Nominal Operation

1.5–3.0 Operation with impact or vibration

† BSA assumes no liability for assemblies used at above the dynamic load rating of the nut.



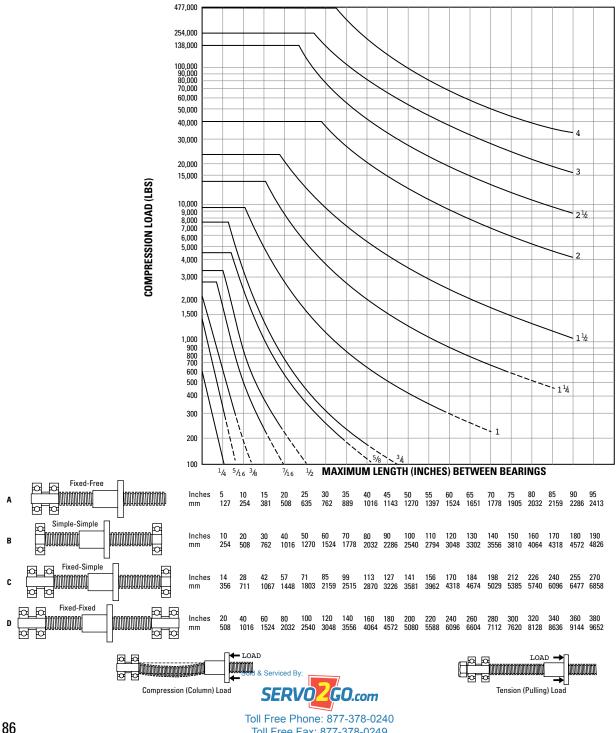


## **Engineering Guidelines for Lead Screws**

## **Column Loading Capacities Chart for Lead Screws and Ball Screws**

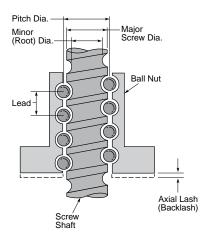
Use the chart below to determine the Maximum Compression Load for Screw Shaft. Usually, screw operated in tension can handle loads up to the rated capacity of the nut, providing the screw length is within standard lengths. End supports have an effect on the load capacity of screws. The four standard variations are shown below with corresponding rating adjustments. Find the point of intersecting lines of load (horizontal) and length (vertical) to determine the minimum safe diameter of screw. If loads fall into dotted lines, consult factory.

Warning: DO NOT EXCEED ball nut capacity. Curves for the screw diameters shown are based on the smallest root (minor) diameter of the standard screws within the nominal size range.



## **Glossary**

#### **General Definitions**



#### AXIAL LASH/BACKLASH

The axial free motion between the ball nut and screw; a measure of system stiffness.

#### BEARING BALL CIRCUIT

The closed path of recirculating balls within the ball nut assembly. A multiple circuit nut with two or more individual circuits has a greater load carrying capability than a single circuit ball nut assembly of the same diameter.

#### CYCLE

The complete forward and reverse motion of the screw (or nut) when moving the load. One cycle is equivalent to two load carrying strokes (one forward and one backward).

#### DIAMETER-MAJOR

The outside diameter of the ball bearing screw shaft. In dealing with ball bearing screws, this is the basic measurement.

#### DIAMETER—MINOR (ROOT)

Diameter of the screw measured at the bottom of the ball track.

#### DIAMETER - PITCH

The nominal diameter of a theoretical cylinder passing through the centers of the balls when they are in contact with the ball bearing screw and ball nut tracks.

#### **EFFECTIVE BALL TURNS**

The number of ball groove revolutions within the ball nut body; a ball nut with seven effective ball turns will have a higher load carrying capability than one with five, all other characteristics being equal.

#### LEAD

The axial distance a screw travels during one revolution.

#### LEAD TOLERANCE

The maximum variation from nominal, measured in inches per foot, cumulative.

#### LOAD CARRYING BALLS

The balls in contact with the ball grooves of both the nut and the screw for load carrying purposes.

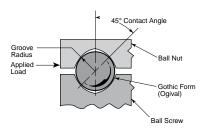
#### RIGHT HAND THREAD

The direction of the threads on the screw shaft causing the ball nut to travel away from the end viewed when rotated in a counter clockwise direction.

#### SCREW STARTS

The integral number of independent threads on the screw shaft; typically one, two or four.

#### **Ball Contact**



GOTHIC (OR OGIVAL) GROOVE A ball track cross-section shaped like a Gothic arch.

#### **CONFORMITY RATIO**

Ratio of the ball track radius to the ball diameter.

#### CONTACT ANGLE

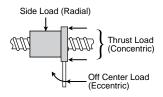
Nominal angle between a plane perpendicular to the screw and a line drawn between the theoretical points of tangency between a ball and the ball tracks and projected on a plane passing through the screw axis and the center of the ball. The angle at which the ball contacts the groove.





## Glossary

#### Loading



#### DYNAMIC LOAD RATING

Dynamic load rating is the maximum load which a ball bearing screw assembly can maintain for a prescribed length of travel.

#### STATIC LOAD

Static load is the maximum nonoperating load capacity above which brinelling of the ball track occurs.

#### THRUST LOAD

Thrust load is loading parallel to and concentric with the centerline of the screw shaft which acts continuously in one direction. Thrust loading is the proper method of attaching the load to the ball bearing screw assembly.

#### **PRELOAD**

The use of one group of bearing balls set in opposition to another to remove axial lash or backlash and increase ball bearing screw stiffness. All axial freedom is eliminated in preloading.

#### **TENSION LOAD**

Tension load is a load which would tend to stretch the ball screw shaft.

#### COMPRESSION LOAD

Compression load is a load which would tend to compress or buckle the ball screw shaft.

#### OFF CENTER LOAD (ECCENTRIC)

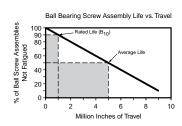
A load tending to cock the ball nut on the screw, reducing the rated life. This must be considered in the selection of the ball bearing screw assembly.

#### SIDE LOAD (RADIAL)

A load from the side that will reduce the rated life and must be considered in the selection of the ball bearing screw.

## Load/Life

A rolling contact device such as a ball bearing screw is said to have reached the end of its usable life at the first sign of fatigue on the rolling surfaces. Fatigue results from the repeated flexing of metal as the balls pass over any given point under load.



#### LOAD/LIFE RATING

The usable life of a ball bearing screw assembly measured in inches of travel under a specific load. The length of travel that 90 percent of a group of ball bearing screws will complete, or exceed, before the first evidence of fatigue develops. (B10)

#### **MOUNTING-ENDS**

## END BEARING SUPPORT (END FIXITY)

The three basic bearing configurations that are commonly used to support the ends of a ball screw are:

 a) A single journal or ball type bearing (simple support).



 b) A pair of back-to-back, angular contact bearings to control end play (simple support).



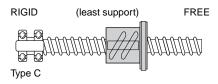
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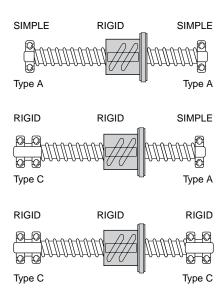
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Toll Free Fax: 877-378-0249

sales@servo2go.com www.servo2go.com c) A pair of spaced bearings for added rigidity (rigid support).



Four combinations of bearing supports are used throughout this catalog for selection purposes. They are:





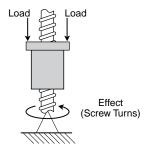
#### ANNEALED ENDS

A manufacturing process which removes brittleness while softening screw stock to allow for machining of end journals.

## Glossary

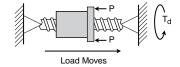
#### **Backdriving**

Ball bearing screws can be backdriven. A load on the nut will drive the screw because of the inherent high efficiency (90%).



If backdriving is required in a particular application, the lead of the screw should be at least one third the screw diameter. Ideally the lead should be equal to the screw diameter.

#### **DRIVING TORQUE**



The amount of effort, measured in pound-inches, required to turn the ball screw and move the load.

$$T_d = \frac{P \times L}{2 \pi e} = .177 P \times L \text{ (lb-inches)}$$

 $T_d$  = Direct Torque (lb-inches)

P = Load

L = Screw Lead (inches/turn)

e = Ball Bearing Screw Efficiency (90%)

#### **BACKDRIVING TORQUE**

The backdriving torque (Tb) is the torque created by an applied load.  $T_h = .143$  (P) (L) = in-lbs

#### PRELOAD TORQUE

$$T_{PL} = \frac{P_{PL} \times L \times .2}{2\pi}$$
or

$$T_{PL} = .032 \times P_{PL} \times L$$

 $T_{PL}$  = Torque (lb-inches)  $P_{PL}$  = Preload setting (pounds) L = Lead

#### ANGULAR VELOCITY

$$RPM = \frac{Velocity (inches/min.)}{Lead (inches/rev.)}$$

#### **HORSEPOWER**

$$HP = \frac{RPM \times Torque (in-lbs)}{63,000}$$

## ROTATIONAL TORQUE

To accelerate the screw

$$T_r = \frac{WR^2 (RPM)}{3700 (t)} = lb-ir$$

T<sub>r</sub> =Torque (lb-in)

WR<sup>2</sup> = Inertia (lb-in)

t = Time to accelerate (sec.)

#### **ACCELERATION TORQUE**

Under load

$$Ta = \frac{(p/g) (A) (L)}{2\pi e} = Ib-in$$

A = Acceleration (in/sec<sup>2</sup>)

g = 386 in/sec2

p =Load (lb)

L = Screw lead (in/turn)

Thermal expansion of screw = 6.25 x 10<sup>-6</sup> in/in/°F



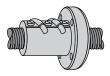
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## **Design Considerations**

## **Most Frequently Asked Questions About Ball Screws**

**Question** How do you restrict the flange from turning off the nut in reversing load applications?

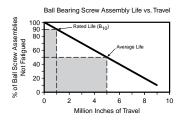


**Answer** The flange may be held to the nut by three alternative methods:

- a) The most positive method of holding the flange to the nut is to order factory "drill and pin" prior to bearing loading. The flange and nut are drilled to accept a roll pin from the flange face.
- b) The flange may be drilled and tapped from the O.D. into the nut threads. A carbide spade drill may be used to drill into the hardened nut threads. Avoid getting metal chips into the nut.
- c) Commercially available adhesives such as Loctite may be used. Take care to avoid getting adhesive on the ball track. (Light loads only).

**Question** How do you calculate application life requirement in inches?

Answer Each ball bearing screw application will have an expected life given the stroke length, duty cycle, years of required service and load.



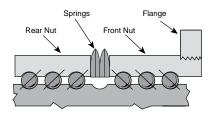
- a) Life expectancy is the total inches of travel that an assembly will provide under a stated load. (Life is sensitive to load.) Use the Load Life Relationship on page 85 to calculate the expected life of a particular assembly in inches.
- b) To determine the inches of required life: multiply inches of stroke x two (only on vertical applications) x cycles per hour x hours of operation per day x number of working days per year x years of expected service.
- c) Compare the expected life to the required life. Expected life can be increased by choosing a ball screw with a larger load rating.

**Question** Is lubrication necessary?

Answer Proper and frequent lubrication must be provided for satisfactory service and life. A 90% reduction in ball bearing screw life should be allowed where dry operation is unavoidable. Lubricants reduce abrasive wear and dissipate heat caused by metal-to-metal contact between bearing surfaces. See page 78 for BSA lubricants.

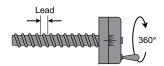
**Question** How are torque requirements for preload nuts calculated?

**Answer** Driving torque increases only slightly with preload since a preload unit continues to be highly efficient.



First, determine the driving torque for a single nut working at a given load. Second, determine the torque required for the preload load setting. Add the driving torque and preload torque together to determine total torque requirement.

**Question** What is meant by lead error?



Answer Lead error is the average deviation from the nominal lead that occurs in one foot of nut displacement. Most screws are offered in standard and precision grades. (See pages 41 – 59 for more details.)

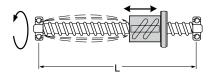


## **Design Considerations**

**Question** How are ball bearing screws synchronized?

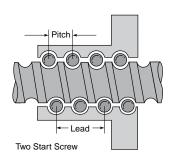
Answer Screw synchronizing is achieved by selecting screws with similar lead error and driven by a positive single source drive. "Matched sets required" should be specified when ordering screws that should be timed to run together without binding because of lead mismatch. (Special factory order).

**Question** What can be done to exceed calculated critical speed?



Answer The chart for critical speed is on page 84. Critical speed is a function of unsupported screw length, mean diameter of screw and bearing supports. Rigid/rigid screw mounting is the optimum support for high speeds. Consider a faster lead to reduce the RPM required. If higher speed is still necessary, go to a larger diameter screw.

**Question** What is the difference between pitch and lead?

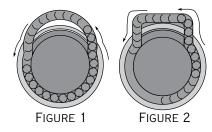


Answer Pitch is the measurable distance between screw grooves. Lead is the linear travel the nut makes per screw revolution. The pitch and lead are equal with single start screws. The pitch is 1/2 the lead in two start screws, etc.

**Question** What is the standard straightness on machined screws with standard ends or screws machined to customer prints?

**Answer** The threaded portion is .005 T.I.R. per foot and not to exceed .010 T.I.R. total length of screw.

**Question** What is meant by tangential design nuts?



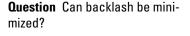
Answer The tangential circuit (Fig. 1) consists of a pickup finger (or yoke deflector) geometry which allows the circuit balls to enter and leave the load carrying portion of the ball screw circuit in a straight line path—along the tangent to the pitch diameter.

The standard ball nut design (Fig. 2) places the return tube holes closer together resulting in a circuit which requires a change in direction of the ball travel as the return tubes are entered and exited.

**Question** What is the backlash of single nuts?

**Answer** The backlash range in a single nut is as follows:

Model	Max. Backlash
R-0308 to R-0705	.007"
R-0702 to R-1105	.009"
R-1501 to R-1502	.013"
R-2202 to R-2502	.015"
R-3066	.018"



Answer Yes, backlash can be minimized or eliminated completely by using a preloaded ball bearing screw. See pages 44, 48, and 52.

**Question** What is a load locking spring and how does it work?

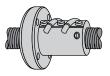
Answer The load locking spring is a coil that is turned into the inactive portion of the nut and conforms to the ball track. The spring does nothing in normal operation and does not touch the screw. In the event the ball bearings are lost from the nut, the load locking spring will not allow the load carrying nut to free-fall down the screw.





## **Design Considerations**

**Question** Where is the lube hole in the large size nuts and what is the thread size?



**Answer** A 1/8-27 NPT pipe thread tapped hole is standard on most nuts from R-1502 through R-3066.

**Question** How do you size a ball bearing screw?

Answer Select the screw that will satisfy the most critical requirement of the application, such as high RPM, heavy load, duty cycle, column loading or zero backlash. Design for the worst case. See page 42.

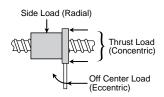
**Question** How is a hardened screw annealed?

Answer The ball bearing screws are case hardened to Rockwell C56 minimum. The screw ends are coil annealed after they are cut to length to reduce the case hardness to a machinable state. Screws may be annealed in the field by heating the ends to a cherry red with a torch, then putting the ends in sand to cool.

**Question** How should ball bearing screws be protected from dirt and contaminates?

Answer The brush wipers help prohibit contaminates from entering the nut as it translates along the screw. For heavily contaminated environments, metal shields, bellow type enclosures or extensions are recommended to be used with wipers.

**Question** What causes premature failure?



**Answer** Premature failure may be caused by any of the following:

- a) Misalignment of ball nut to screw which results in side loading or eccentric loading will reduce life. This may cause the bearing balls to split or get flats on them. The bearings may even break out of the tubes.
- b) Metal Chips or Dirt in the ball nut will not allow the bearings free circulation. The bearing balls may get flats on them because of skidding and spalling.
- c) Lack of Lubrication Proper lubrication will help dissipate heat and reduce metal-to-metal wear of components.
- d) High speed operation Shaft speeds resulting in screw surface speeds above 8,000 IPM will reduce rated life.

**Question** What is the normal operating temperature range for ball bearing screws?

Answer The normal operating temperature range is -65°F to 300°F (-55°C to 149°C) with suitable lubrication. Temperatures in excess of this may make the screw brittle, warped or annealed.



#### **Warranties**

#### **Exclusions & Limitations**

The specifications for Seller's products published in Seller's catalogs or other printed material are for reference only. The performance rating figures do not con-stitute a warranty. All ratings are based on use in a normal environment under normal conditions. Such things as temperature extremes, eccentric or side loading, dirty conditions, extreme travel speeds, inadequate or faulty support and/or mounting provisions, lack of lubrication and maintenance, can and will derate the catalog ratings.

Should any failure occur during the first sixty days or the first 100,000 inches of travel, whichever comes first, due to a defect in material or workmanship in any product, if written notice is received from the buyer for any such alleged defect and if the product is found not to be in conformity with this warranty (buyer having provided Seller a reasonable opportunity to perform any appropriate tests thereon), Seller will replace or repair the product(s) provided (i) misuse or misapplication has not caused the failure and (ii) a complete inspection of the product and application thereof have been made by Seller. Claims must be made within 90 days after the date of shipment.

Parts and accessories or products not of Seller's manufacture are warranted as to defects in material and workmanship consistent with the warranty policy of the original manufacturer.

Modification or alteration of any product not specifically authorized by Seller will void any warranty whatsoever. Products used in conjunction with nuclear devices or their support systems are specifically excluded from any warranty.

SELLER'S LIABILITY UNDER THE FOREGOING WARRANTIES OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, WHETHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IN LAW OR FACT, SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF DEFECTIVE MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP AND IN NO EVENT SHALL SELLER BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INDIRECT DAMAGES. THE ABOVE WARRANTY COMPRISES SELLER'S SOLE AND ENTIRE WARRANTY OBLIGATION AND LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH SELLER PRODUCTS SOLD HEREUNDER. ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE EXPRESSLY EXCLUDED.



# SOME USEFUL FORMULAS FOR LEADSCREW ASSEMBLIES

## Torque, Rotary to Linear

Driving the screw to translate the nut, or driving the nut to translate the screw.

#### Ball Screw Assemblies

Torque = .177 x Load x Lead (in lbs) (lbs) (inches)

#### Acme Screw Assemblies

Torque = Load (lbs) x Lead (inches) (in lbs)  $2 \pi x$  Efficiency\*

# Torque, Linear to Rotary Translating the nut to force the screw to turn.

#### **Ball Screw Assemblies**

Torque = .143 x Load x Lead (in lbs) (lbs) (inches)

#### Acme Screw Assemblies

Torque =  $\frac{\text{Load x Lead x Efficiency}}{2\pi}$ 

The higher the lead of the screw the less effort required to backdrive either the screw or the nut. As a rule, the lead of the screw should be more than 1/3 the diameter of the screw to satisfactorily backdrive.

#### Efficiency

#### **Ball Screw Assemblies**

Most ball screw assemblies are better than 90% efficient. A preload will cause a decrease in efficiency.

#### Acme Screw Assemblies

% Efficiency =  $\frac{\tan (helix angle)}{\tan (helix angle + arctan f)} x 100$ f = coefficient of friction

#### Horsepower

#### Torque to Horsepower

 $HP = \underline{\text{Torque (in lbs)} \times \text{RPM}}$ 63,000

#### Horsepower to Torque

Torque =  $\underline{63,000 \times HP}$ RPM

#### Column Load Strength (Based on Eulers Formula)

 $P_{cr} = 14.03 \times 10^6 F_c d^4$ 

P<sub>cr</sub> = maximum load (lbs)

F = end support factor (see page 31)

.25 one end fixed, other free

1.00 both ends supported

2.00 one end fixed, other supported

4.00 both ends fixed

d = root diameter of screw (in)

L = distance between nut and load carrying bearing (in)

When possible, design for tension loads to eliminate the buckling factor and reduce the required screw size.

## Critical Screw Shaft Speed

(Maximum rotational speed of a screw)

$$C_S = F \times 4.76 \times 10^6 \times \frac{d}{L^2}$$

C<sub>s</sub> = Critical Speed (rpm)

d = root diameter of screw (in)

L = length between supports (in)

Fc = end support factor (see page 31)

.36 one end fixed, other free

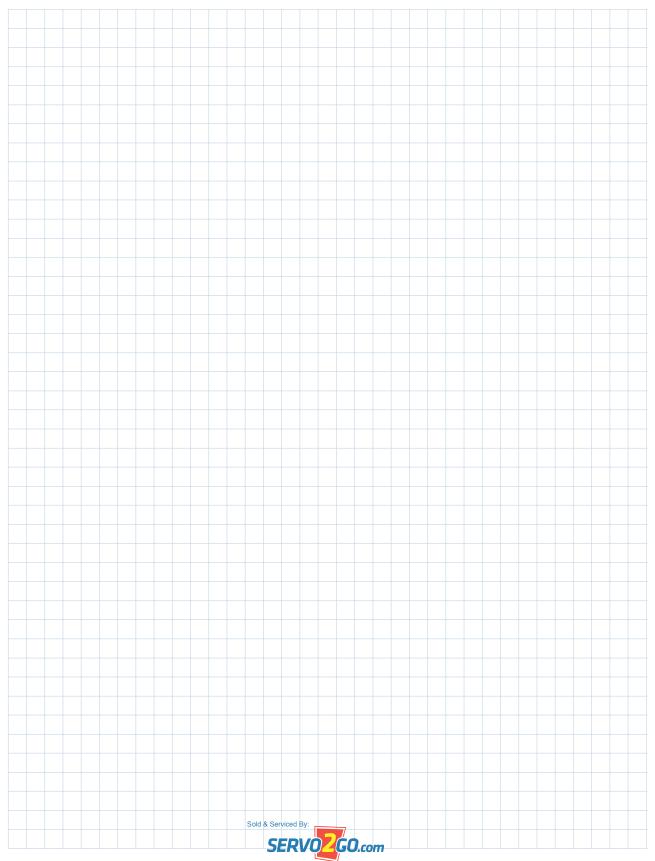
1.00 both ends supported

1.47 one end fixed, other supported

2.23 both ends fixed

Critical shaft speed should be reduced to 80% to allow for other factors such as alignment and straightness.

<sup>\*</sup>Acme screw efficiency is variable with the helix angle of the threads, the friction of the material and the finish. See the efficiency formula below.



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